BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE. Real Estate Brokers.

The Daily Colonist.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE. Real Estate Brokers.

VOL. LXIV—NO. 76. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1890. THIRTY-SECOND YEAR

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

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Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

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In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.

Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

A. W. JONES, Notary Public. A. J. W. BRIDGMAN, Solicitor, Supreme Court, England.

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REAL ESTATE,

Financial and Insurance Agents.

Have Removed their Office to Corner of Bastion and Langley Streets,

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june1

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NEW GOODS

ARRIVING EVERY DAY

Boys' and Men's Suits and Pants.

CARDIGAN JACKETS

With Silk Sleeves, in Assorted Colors,

Dress Coats and Vests.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

Diagonal Suits in Stripes and Corkscrews.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Telephone Call 563. - - - 35 Johnson Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A housekeeper. Apply 33 Fort street. se7-3t

WANTED—At Spencer's Arcade, 3 good bodice hands; also a milliner. se7-3t

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS FOR THE POSITION OF Teacher of the Cadboro Public School will be received by the undersigned up to September 15th. Duties to commence October 1st, 1890. GEORGE DEANS, Sec.-Treasurer Cadboro Trustee Board. Box 774, Victoria. se7-3t

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to noon Thursday 11th inst., for the erection of a three story brick building facing Yates St., between Broad and Douglas. The lowest of any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

se7-2d

—NEW—

Eureka Silver Mining Co.,

(LIMITED LIABILITY).

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Trustees of the New Eureka Silver Mining Company, Limited Liability, will be held at the office, No. 48 Langley St., Victoria, B. C., on WEDNESDAY, the seventeenth day of September, 1890, at three o'clock.

Dated at Victoria, the 6th day of September, 1890.

GEO. W. HAYNES, CHAS. E. POOLEY, Trustees.

se7

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of AUSTIN A. ORDANO, Deceased.

The undersigned executors of the will of the deceased have taken out Probate of the same, and hereby request that all debtors to the estate will make payment, and all creditors will present their bills forthwith to

JAMES BOAL, EDWARD H. FORREST, PASQUATE FRUMENTO,

P.O. Address Cortleld, V.I. The Executors.

SALOON AND STORE FOR SALE.

The executors of the will of Austin A. Ordano, deceased, invite tenders which will be received up to the 20th September instant, for the purchase of the lease for six years, retail liquor license, stock of goods, goodwill and fixtures of the saloon and store known as the "CENTRAL HOTEL," situate at McPherson's station and carried on by the deceased at the time of his death. Neither the highest nor any tender necessarily accepted. se7

JOHN WINGER,

Premier Skin & Fur Dresser.

FINE FURS A SPECIALTY.

OLD FURS REDRESSED.

47 Quadra St. Your Favors Solicited. se7

LOST.

Black and tan Gordon setter bitch; answers to name of Fannie. Was last seen at Goldstream. Reward on returning to Charles Bush, at the Delta Engine House. se7-tf

More Beauties

They all come to

JAMIESON'S

These are two new

Mason & Risch

PIANOS.

One an UPRIGHT STUDIO, in elegant figured walnut case, double veneered on hard wood, with rich frets, and beautifully engraved panels, ivory keys, overstrung tri-chord scale, full iron frames, repetition action, agraffe bridge.

The other is an UPRIGHT BOUDOIR, 7½ octaves, handsome mahogany case, with rich frets, and elegantly figured panels, ivory keys, over-strung tri-chord scale, perfect repetition action, full iron frame, separate agraffes in the wood, continuous hinges. Above will be sold at

CLOSEST PRICES.

JAMIESON'S

Sole Agent for Mason & Risch Pianos, and Cornwall Organs.

Next Door to the Post Office.

jly15

WANTED—By a middle aged woman, situation as housekeeper to one or more gentlemen; or to take charge of a nursery. Address "Housekeeper" or "Nurse" this office. se6-3t

GEORGE BYRNES

AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.

Carload of Handsome Furniture

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 10, 1890

AT 11 A. M.

I have been instructed by the Importers to sell at my

SALESROOM, FORT AND LANGLEY St.,

Several Handsome Bedroom Suites

In Oak, Walnut, Ash, Hand-carved Ornamentation; 4 very fine Sideboards in oak and walnut, with bevel glass mirrors, 1 Chefoner. The above Furniture is of the best make and latest design.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

sep6

CANADIAN NEWS.

Lieut.-Governor Angers Entertains Prince George of Wales and Lord and Lady Stanley.

Cabinet Ministers Interviewed on Sherman's Motion of Trade Relations With Canada.

Winnipeg's "Boom King" Coming West—Proposal to Start a Reciprocity Club in Montreal.

Naval Deserters.

HALIFAX, Sept. 6.—Seven deserters from the British warship Comus and one from the Bazzard were reported yesterday.

A "Boomer" Coming.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 6.—J. S. Coolican, once Winnipeg's "Boom King," was seen at the station to-day. He came in from the east and went on to British Columbia.

Minister of Agriculture.

TORONTO, Sept. 6.—It is said to be definitely settled that John Dryden, member for South Ontario, will be the new minister of agriculture.

Hanlan and Teemer to Row.

TORONTO, Sept. 6.—Arrangements have concluded between Hanlan and Teemer for a single scull race to take place October 2nd. The course has not yet been selected, but it will likely be on some Ohio river.

U. S. Trade Relations.

TORONTO, Sept. 6.—Interviews with ministers of the Dominion Governmen in regard to Sherman's motion of trade relations with Canada are published here. Mr. Foster, Minister of Finance, considered Sherman's resolution the best proposition made since the old reciprocity treaty. It seemed fair towards Canada. As to reciprocity in coal alone, he was not in favor, as a rule. No doubt if the Senate, which was the controlling body of Congress, passed the resolution, it would be considered by the Parliament of Canada. Hon. Edgar Dewdney, Minister of the Interior, had noticed that a portion of the Conservative press spoke favorably of the Sherman resolution, and on the face of it the resolution appeared a reasonable one. Sir John Thompson, minister of Justice, said it was a delicate matter to speak of without consultation with the premier and his colleagues. All he could say was that the proposition, as he understood it, was an improvement on former proposals emanating from Washington, in as much as it did not commit either to any particular method or plan to promote the object in view. In this regard the resolution to him seemed to be unobjectable.

Failure of an Umbrella Firm.

TORONTO, Sept. 6.—The Colonial Umbrella Mfg. Co. has made an assignment, with liabilities unknown. All the heavy creditors are in England and the United States. The assignment is said to have been brought about by international disagreements.

McLeod Flogged.

TORONTO, Sept. 6.—Wm. J. McLeod, sentenced to 40 lashes, to be given in two instalments, and two years' imprisonment, for criminally assaulting a little girl, received the first instalment of the cat to-day. He took his punishment poorly, yelling for mercy at every stroke.

Vice-Regal Movements.

QUEBEC, Sept. 6.—His Excellency Lord Stanley and suite leave on Tuesday morning for Sarnia, where he will visit the St. Clair river tunnel. On his way back he will visit the Toronto exhibition, returning to Quebec again on Saturday.

Entertaining Royalty.

QUEBEC, Sept. 6.—The Lieut-Governor's ball last night was one of the most brilliant events of many years. As the clock struck 10, a splendid carriage drove up the Main avenue, and as it stopped at the main entrance a young gentleman wearing the rich uniform of a British naval officer stepped lightly out of the carriage and saluted Lieut.-Governor Angers, who had come forward to greet the hero of the ball. It was Prince George of Wales, who was accompanied by their Excellencies Lord and Lady Stanley of Preston, and Admiral Watson in full uniform. As the distinguished party entered the ball room the band struck up the National Anthem, and after having received the homage of the guests, Prince George opened the ball in a quadrille.

THE SEASON OVER.

Capt Hackett of the Annie C. Moore Thinks Later Schooners will go Unrewarded.

Capt. Hackett's schooner, the Annie C. Moore, is the fourth in the procession of returning sealers. She came in under sail yesterday afternoon, with a catch of 643 skins and the same mournful story of fogs and cold brought by her predecessors. The sealing industry does not contain the fortunes imagined by certain enterprising Eastern sailors, who, thinking seizure is the only enemy to be feared, are said to be now fitting up new additions to the Victoria sealing fleet. There have been, and probably will be, no seizures this year; and yet hardly any of the schooners will make much more than expenses. Some will not clear their expense accounts. In order to equalize the decrease in the catch, prices must advance, so sealing men say, to $15. At this figure the sealing of 1890 would pay those engaged in it.

For fifteen days before the Annie C. Moore left Behring's Sea she was, on account of the cold, foggy weather, unable to put down a boat. Then the captain concluded that he could do no better than come home. He is of the opinion that the season is over, and the vessels that remain last about the hunting fields will not make much by it. The E. B. Marvin, spoken on the down trip, intends to keep at work as long as the "grub" and water hold out. She had 800 skins when fallen in with. The Ocean Belle and Penelope were also met by the Moore, each with about 300 skins. Captain Hackett made the run down in exactly thirteen days.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

LACROSSE.

THE WAY VANCOUVER WON.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 6.—The lacrosse match at Brockton Point Athletic Park this afternoon was one of the hardest and most stubborn of the season. About 4,000 people witnessed the game and at times the excitement was at fever heat. The game commenced about at 4.30 and for sixty minutes hard fast playing the ball was with few exceptions, caused by being out of bounds, kept on the move from one end to the other. For fully thirty minutes in the first game Victoria had the best of the play generally speaking, while Vancouver played a very determined and win-at-any-cost style and made the visitors look well to their work. During the last half of the first game gave Vancouver a slight advantage, and poured in shot after shot on the flags, but in vain. The defence were playing a strong game, Wade, Clarke and the Cullin Brothers returning the ball amid the applause of the multitude. Cullin distinguished himself by a splendid run down field. Finally the ball was thrown on goal by Nickols, which Cullen stopped and swiped out to Smith, who in turn swiped back, and which rolled down a slight incline where the flags were placed owing to the bad condition of the ground, and the ball passed the flag pole about three inches. The umpire's hand was raised and the first game was won by Vancouver in exactly sixty minutes.

After the usual rest the game proceeded, and, in a great measure, similar to the first, the Victoria boys showing up in good form. After about 40 minutes' play the ball got out of bound and a face off was ordered. The referee had no sooner said "play" than Nickols charged into C. Cullin, committing a deliberate foul. Cullin rose to his feet, when Nickolls repeated the foul. In falling, Cullin threw out his arm and caught Nickolls around the neck to save the fall, and in doing so dragged him down. Immediately the crowd ran on the field and surrounded the players, who thought a fight had started. The field captain of the Victorias claimed a foul, which the referee allowed, and to even matters up ruled both off the field. This action the Victorias objected to, and after holding a short consultation on the field, refused to play longer, claiming that Cullin had committed no breach of the rules. The referee accordingly gave the match to Vancouver. Victoria did not intend to play twelve against eleven and would have dropped one, but they refused to play without Cullin, who they claimed committed no foul.

BASEBALL.

HAMMER AND TONGS VS. CLINCH AND BITE.

All the men of the Albion Iron Works who know they can, who think they can, and who have been told they can play, turned out out to play ball yesterday afternoon at the Caledonia grounds, and a more enjoyable time at a baseball game could hardly be imagined. Good plays were frequent, but the laugh was ever present. Some of the heavy weights exhibited decided objections to running more than one base at a time, and when it became necessary for them to do so had to be pushed off. Still they showed considerable knowledge of the game, and to see them run bases, slide, get their mouths full of sand, and question the umpire's decision before spitting it out proved that they are made of the material that wins fame on the diamond. The coaching brought out some new players and new aspirants for honors in this feature of the game. The men of the boiler shop played against the men of the rest of the works combined, and the former's habit of driving rivets was brought into play with great effect, helping them to hit the ball hard, and with a frequency that made the legs, arms and hearts of their opponents weary. The combined team kept up their courage to the last and played with a vim and dash for victory, but it was of no use. They were doomed to trail, notwithstanding they did most of the coaching and their pitcher (in the language of their rival) "pitched dropers."

The following is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6.	
Boiler Shop	4	7	2	6	0	2	1	0	5	30.
Combined	2	1	4	0	9	2	1	1	2	22.

Mr. Wrbdowson umpired and gave satisfaction.

CRICKET.

The cricket match yesterday between Mr. C. W. Rhodes' eleven and the Blue Jackets proved an easy victory for the former team. It must be said, however, that the Blue Jackets were short five of their best men, and that they showed great courage in meeting their opponents with a team hastily scratched together. Play began at 2.30, with Victoria to the bat, and for the fall of the last wicket had put together 115, out of which Mr. Pooley made 53 and Jones 19. The Blue Jackets then went in, and only knocked together 9, some of the men showing but poor judgment in making runs, four of the ten wickets being "run outs." In their second innings a better result was obtained, Goodchap putting up 23 out of a total of 60.

Following is the score:

MR. C. W. RHODES' ELEVEN.

H. J. Campbell, b Wright	2
Harry Jones, c Goodchap, b Seymour	19
C. E. Pooley, b Wright	53
J. T. Terras, c Wright, b Seymour	5
W. Hudson, b Wright	8
A. A. Rhodes, b Henley	4
Ernest Miller, b Henley	0
G. E. Wake, c Eldridge, b Wright	4
C. W. Rhodes, not out	3
— Malpas, b Henley	5
G. Wilson, c and b Wright	1
Extras	11
Total	115

BLUE JACKETS.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Gibbons b Hudson	0	b Hudson	1
Rice, run out	1	b Hudson	0
Seymour, b Henderson	1	c Terras b Hudson	6
Kelly, run out	1	b Hudson	0
Goodchap, run out	0	b Hudson	23
Eldridge, c Rhodes, b Hudson	0	not out	0
Wright, b Hudson	3	b Terras	2
Brown, run out	1	b Terras	2
Hartigan, b Pooley	0	b Rhodes	1
Henley, c & b Pooley	1	c Miller b Hudson	2
Webb, not out	0	l b w Jones	15
Extras	1	Extras	8
Total	9	Total	60

Combs and brushware at Daley's.

Dennison's French tissue paper for flower making at Daley's.

Brass bound rules and carpenters' pencils at Daley's.

CAPITAL NOTES.

The Trades Congress Favors the Selection of a Governor-General from Among Canadians.

Hon. Edgar Dewdney to Visit England After an Absence of Thirty Years.

Winners in the Rifle Competition—Exhibits from Trinidad for the Toronto Exhibition.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Sept. 5.—Bartley and Salmon have secured the adoption unanimously by the trades congress of resolutions demanding restrictive legislation against the importation of Chinese labor, and prohibiting the employment of Chinese in mines under penalties.

In the rifle competition the Governor-General's prize was won by Color-sergeant E. Mitchell, of Winnipeg; McMacking of the 44th was second, and Waters, of the 7th Fusiliers, third. The Provincial match was won by Nova Scotia; Quebec second; Ontario 3rd.

Wilmot, superintendent of fisheries, is prepared to report to the minister with reference to the salmon industry. He is greatly opposed to depositing offal in the Fraser.

As an outcome of the calling out of troops at the Wellington mines, the militia department has adopted a regulation requiring commanding officers to promptly report the circumstances under which troops are requisitioned.

The final returns for the fiscal year ending June last shows an actual surplus of $4,000,000.

OTTAWA, Sept. 6.—A deputation from the labor congress will interview the premier on Monday on the subject of Chinese immigration.

Sir John Macdonald returned to the capital to-day.

Hon. Edgar Dewdney leaves for England on Monday. He will be absent about six months. This will be his first visit for thirty years. The object of the trip is semi-official.

The inland revenue department will again analyze waters of certain rivers to discover the effect of the deposit of sawdust.

Exhibits from Trinidad are being sent to the Toronto exhibition.

A letter mailed from the Customs department to Cuzio, Peru, in January, 1883, was returned through the dead letter office to-day.

The trades congress concluded its labors this morning, and passed a resolution favoring the selection of a governor-general from among Canadians.

Professor L. Bryce, M.P., author of "American Commonwealth," arrived here to-night.

Sails on Ships of War.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 6.—Admiral David D. Porter has contributed to the proceedings of the United States Naval Institute his views on the paper recently read before the Institute by Rear Admiral S. B. Luce, upon "the naval training." Admiral Porter believes that Admiral Luce "handles too tenderly those parties in the navy, whoever they may be, who instituted the system of reducing the sail power on ships of war, and supplying everything with military masts without considering whether the ships were intended as cruisers or vessels for coast defense." Continuing he says: "Not one of the new vessels hitherto planned or built is fit for war purposes in time of hostilities. Cruisers cannot cruise for want of sail power, and a so-called line of battle ships cannot go into battle for want of proper endurance in time of war. The result will be that the present navy will be laid up on account of too much military mast and entire lack of sail power, without which a vessel of the navy is incomplete. This question of sail power is one on which the efficiency of the service hinges. Every officer could bring to bear what influence he possesses to cause all cruisers and line of battle ships to be fitted with sufficient sail power to enable them to cruise for long periods at sea, if necessary, without entering port except for provisions; also, that they may save coal, as did the Confederate steamer Alabama, for an occasion when they may be called into action or to chase an enemy too fast to be overtaken under sail. This is the battle confronting the young officers of the navy, and it must be fought now. We demand for our our sea-going vessels 35 feet of canvas for each square foot of midship section. As to coast defense vessels, they may be fitted with as many military masts as the constructors choose to supply. I think the article under consideration will have the effect of drawing strongly the attention of the service to this vital question."

THE POTATO BLIGHT.

Starvation Staring a Large Proportion of the Irish Peasantry in the Face.

An Unusually Wet Summer—The Lack of Sunshine also Interferes with the Turf Supply.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Michael Davitt writes as follows regarding the potato blight:—"I visited a large section of Ireland during the past week, and everywhere found abundant confirmation of the report which was started last month that the crops generally, and the potato crop in particular, were doomed to failure this year. It is needless after the experience of the years 1879 and 1885, to inform those who know anything about Ireland, that it involves starvation for a large proportion of its inhabitants; for another section it means insolvency, while upon the whole commercial system of the country it will bring general depression. Continuous rains during the months of June, July and August has brought about this direful result. It has been a singular summer. An intelligent country gentleman of Limerick said to me: "The weather has behaved in the most tantalizing fashion all through. There was at no time rain sufficient to make use of two inches in the Shannon, and it came in such dribbles as not to give the farmers a chance to do anything. As usual the burden of the distress falls on the congested districts of the seaboard, where the potato crop is the main support of the people—those districts lying principally in the counties of Cork, Kerry, Galway, Mayo, and Donegal. The eastern counties have also suffered severely from potato rot, and there also the harvest has been materially injured. Another effect almost as prodigious in its consequences as the potato failure is the possible fuel famine, which has been overlooked in all that has been reported hitherto. The sunshine necessary for drying the turf, which is the only combustible available to the Irish peasant for his winter's fire, has been lacking. [Here the wire broke east of Donald].

THEIR LABORS AT AN END.

The North-West Baptist Convention Bring Their Session to a Highly Satisfactory Close.

Various Reports of Interest Discussed and Acted Upon—Next Year's Meeting to be at Vancouver, Wn.

Strictly business were all the sessions of the Baptist Convention yesterday. It was the last day of the meeting, and an effort was made, and successfully, to crowd all the remaining work into the time, and still give every subject brought forward the consideration that its importance deserved. The morning devotional meeting was led by Rev. Mr. Collins. General business being then taken up, it was decided to hold the next annual session on the Thursday before the last Lord's day in August 1891 at Vancouver, Washington. Rev. M. L. Rugg will preach the introductory sermon; Rev. George D. Downey on Foreign, and Rev. J. W. Read on Home Missions.

The Home Mission board of twenty-one members was elected as follows: Rev. A. B. Banks, D. D., Rev. M. L. Rugg, Rev. D. J. Pierce, D. D., D. Garlick, T. Houghton, W. C. Morrill, D. M. Ross, President E. T. Trimble, Rev. G. J. Burchett, Robert Knife, Rev. Wm. Weir, John Anderson, G. W. Ward, Rev. Thomas Baldwin, C. A. Cavender, Rev. J. H. Best, Dr. C. A. Walsh, H. M. Butler, August Longnen, B. W. John and Rev. J. W Read.

The committee on resolutions presented a partial report of which the last reads: "Resolved that the members of this convention extend their sincere thanks to the churches and people of Victoria for the hearty welcome and generous entertainment given the convention by them." A committee was appointed to present to the next convention a plan for the organization of a society for the promotion of ministerial education in churches of this convention. The committee was constituted as follows: Revs. Rugg, Banks, Trimble, Read, and Sunderland. Foreign missions being next discussed, Rev. Dr. Pierce spoke eloquently and feelingly of the work among the Chinese, and especially of his own connection with it in Portland. Gratefully he mentioned the liberality of the brethren in Portland in supporting this work. He said that his congregation told him he need not ask the Home Mission Society for money. They had money and could raise $1,000 as easily as $400. The first year over $1,100 was given by the congregation in Portland for this work. Dr. Pierce further paid a high compliment to the fidelity of Chinese Christians, and specially praised their liberality, not only in supporting their own work, but in all proper directions. Many others spoke after the reverend gentleman, and much enthusiasm was awakened in the subject.

General business being resumed, it was resolved "that the energy and ability brought to bear upon our Home Mission work through our Superintendent of Missions, Rev. J. Sutherland, causing the work to be prosecuted with an enthusiasm unprecendent in our history; and, furthermore, since our pro-rata is practically paid, our endorsement of our representative is hereby recorded."

The afternoon session was occupied in the consideration of three topics—Sunday school work, Religious Literature and Temperance.

The Sunday school report showed 257 schools, with 2,968 pupils enrolled and 1,654 in average attendance. Baptisms, 75. Contributions, $1,236.29. A Sunday school board was provided for of five members, with Rev. W. P. Squires chairman. This board is to have charge of Sunday school institutes. A colporteur missionary is to be found who shall give his whole time to work on this field.

Dr. D. J. Pierce read the report on religious literature. It presented the value of literature in general, but specially emphasizing the need of religious literature. Many valuable books and classes of books were named and commended. In the second part of the report much emphasis was laid on the value and importance of our periodical literature and the helpfulness of local papers in stimulating and building up the work on the convention field. Special and fitting reference was made to the Pacific Baptist, the paper of general circulation among the churches of the convention. Spirited, but brief discussion followed, participated in by Editor C. A. Wooddy, Rev. Dr. Banks and others.

The report of the committee on temperance was read by Rev. J. Cairns. It was a strong one.

Saturday night's session was given to a mass meeting in the interest of young people's and Sunday School work. A most interesting time was had. Mrs. E. G. Wheeler made the opening address. Mr. W. R. King, Rev. M. L. Rugg, Rev. Thos. Baldwin, Rev. Mr. Corning, Rev. E. G. Wheeler and others also spoke. The following resolution and recommendations were adopted:—

Resolved,—That it is the sense of this Convention that our young people's work should be in its organization, relations, methods and aims distinctively Baptistic; to accomplish this we would recommend (1) that the literature used in their work should, as far as possible, be distinctively denominational; (2), that a conference of these young people should be held at least annually; and (3), that one of the sessions of this body should be given to this conference. We ask the attention of the young people to the young people's department in the Pacific Baptist.

PREACHING CHRIST.

Text of Rev. Mr. Burchett's Sermon to the Baptist Ministerial Association on Thursday.

"What of Christianity on the North Coast?" Made the Subject of an Eloquent Discourse.

Text.—Some indeed preach Christ even of envy and strife; and some also of goodwill: the one preach Christ of contention, not sincerely, supposing to add affliction to my bonds: but the other of love, knowing that I am set for the defence of the gospel. What then? Notwithstanding every way whether in pretence, or in truth, Christ is preached; and I therein do rejoice, yea, and will rejoice.—Phil. i., 15-18.

These words indicate a remarkable desire to have the gospel preached. There is an intensity about these words that should be contagious throughout all the ages. When a man freely gives up all that he has for a cause, and then as freely offers himself, so that cause may succeed, he is in earnest. Here is a man that counted all things as but dross, that he might win Christ, and have his gospel preached. This man of God had far reaching reasons for this intense desire to have the gospel preached. His vision by faith was broadened, and lengthened till it swept the horizon of all time, and circumscribed every nation of the whole earth. By the insight which the Holy Spirit gave him, he could look into the faraway centuries in which the gospel would be preached in coming time. He must have seen it taking possession of the empires of the world, and spreading out, till the most distant ages and nations were evangelized. As he saw this gospel marching on and before its light the darkness of sin vanishing, and millions of souls being set free, all his being was stirred within him, and he was moved with a tremendous outburst of joy. He would do anything that this good news might be hastened onward.

When I look at the Mediterranean Sea on the map of the world, I am inclined to compare it with the waters of Puget Sound. That sea witnessed the most mighty activities of all the world. The most powerful races of antiquity acted their drama upon those shores. Near that sea were developed the highest civilizations of the old world. On those shores the human intellect received its first great impulses. Logic, oratory and art were there brought to perfection. Giant characters were there developed: and these mighty ones founded upon those shores, great empires worthy of their names. The centers of ancient commerce were there; the merchandise that was carried over her bosom, and floated upon her waves caused to be erected upon her shores, the most noted cities of the ancients.

It was upon her shores and upon her waters that the most noted and decisive battles of antiquity were fought. The course and character of empires were there determined. Had the Persians, instead of the Greeks, been victorious at Marathon, the effeminate civilization of Persia would have come westward to the shores of Europe. Had the Athenians been victorious at Syracuse, instead of there losing their maritime power, the lascivious and subtle Greek civilization would have come westward to the shores of the Atlantic, and our British ancestors would have been contaminated with this type of ethics, instead of coming in contact with the sturdy Roman character. And we should have had the Greek sophistry in our courts of law, instead of the royal Roman code.

But, most important of all to us, is the religion that had its origin on the shores of the Mediterranean sea. It was on those shores that was determined as to what kind of religion should permeate all the nations of the earth. It would have made but little difference as to what military tactics should be accepted, or what kind of art or architecture should be studied in the schools; or what rules of logic or rhetoric should prevail. But everything depended on what system of morals should rule the world. Should all Europe and America be Mahometan, and Chinese, or should they be Christian? It was on those shores that the Son of God came, and there laid the foundation principles of his kingdom. Near those shores the whole Bible was wrought out and taught to men. It was on the shores of the Mediterranean sea that the Son of God came in accordance with prophecy, and procured the world's redemption by his own blood. It was along those shores that the first great missionary transactions began. There, on those historic scenes, around those htsioric waters, the actions of the new kingdom began. There were begun the first missionary enterprises that were to continue till all nations should be reached with the good news of redemption.

Our text is laid in the first European city that heard this good news. It is among the most interesting questions in church history to note what was the effect of the gospel being brought to that city. It seems highly probable that from this city there went forth the gospel to many countries. Being taken on shipboard it could easily be carried to all the ports then open to commerce.

It is a significant fact that the Holy Spirit directed the apostles to first take hold upon the leading seaport cities which lay along the highways over which civilization would pass westward. These were taken and there strong churches were formed, and became radiating centres from which great sweeps of country could be reached. When Paul wanted to go to the interior of Asia, the Holy Spirit said "No." He was directed to take these commercial centres.

In so far as the church of Christ has followed the wisdom therein suggested, it has found her power increased many fold. Puget Sound presents the same kind of a problem to the laborers who are gathering upon her shores.

Then as co-laborers together with our divine Master, let us look at our position.

This should aid us materially in understanding the missionary question of the Northwest. We occupy a position very much like that of the Mediterranean sea to the ancients. That sea lay between the great nations of the old world. It is so of Puget Sound. But it will be readily seen that Puget Sound will reach vastly more of the world than was ever reached by the dwellers upon the Mediterranean.

We shall have to do with all the nations that did business on that sea; and then we shall have the commerce of worlds which were unknown to them. If we would know our true position here we must behold the people and commerce of all nations coming to our ports. All that the merchants of the Mediterranean knew will come here, and more than they ever dreamed existed will have to do with these waters. It would seem highly probable that the Holy Spirit has reserved that the gospel should be preached from Puget Sound to all Asia, rather than that it should be preached from the shores of the Mediterranean sea.

Again, everything points to the fact that on the shores of Puget Sound will be determined the greatest questions of the nations.

The masses of people that are to gather on the Sound will surpass the wildest dreams of the most imaginative. Far-seeing men have put the numbers that will make their homes here high in the millions. But the highest have not put it too high. The resources of this country astonish all who look upon them. But the resources are probably not half known. Who can tell, therefore, what mighty cities will spring up on the shores of the Sound? What hum and stir of business will be here? No body of water on the globe ever witnessed the activity that will be seen here. And the centres of influence that will rise here will be more far-reaching than any other centres ever formed.

Amid these great cities and along these waters will be met some of the greatest questions of the ages.

Notice the character of the people who are coming here.

They are of all beliefs and and of all unbeliefs.

The anarchist of Russia; the rationalist, and the agnostic of Germany; the infidel from France; the moribund Catholic from Spain; and the Budhist from China are all coming to these shores for a home, and for a hearing.

All these seem to be agreed as to one thing, and that is as to the fact that they do not wish God to be honored here.

They seem to be a unit in their determination that the Sabbath shall be desecrated here. There is little division of opinion among them as to what power the saloon shall have among them. These readily unite their forces with the lower strata of our society, and make common cause of opposing our laws.

Sometimes our whole government seems to be slumbering over a volcano. At one word whole railroad systems are made useless, and travel stopped as suddenly as if an earthquake had struck them. These elements are ready to lift the red flag, and apply the torch. Turn that class loose in our land, and what hope is there for our homes, and our children?

It should be noted that these forces will gather on these waters as they will gather in no other place. There are reasons for this. And here are to be fought the battles which are to determine the safety of our homes, and of our country.

We shall have to meet some serious questions here.

We shall have to answer as to what of Christianity on the North Coast?

Shall the Continental Sabbath be brought here and set up among us in defiance of all law, and all order? Shall horse-racing, baseball playing, beer gardens and pugilism become the great attractions on the day that we have held so sacred? Shall the open saloon, the gambler's trade and other kindred vices run riot here? Every Christian on these waters will have to meet this matter. What power shall prevail here? Shall we be heathen or Christian?

As to what this country shall be will be determined by what the foundations are. They who lay foundations and build will have the structure. They who plant will gather the harvest of the country.

Here is a fact well worth our careful study: The type of religion that first gets hold of a country is liable to hold it. Catholicism was early planted in Spain, and it still remains there. Cortez, a Catholic, conquered Mexico in 1519 and more than three centuries has not sufficed to reconquer it. The Puritans first took possession of New England, and they preserved this country to a pure worship of God for centuries; and the effect of their principles will be felt for many generations. So it will be with this country, those principles which first are well-planted here will go far towards determining as to what of religion on the North Coast.

For my part, I look to the Gospel of Christ as a solution of all these great questions as to what will be the future of our country. That is just the power that will fix the character of this country, for the right, if it is done at all. There is a power in the Gospel to revolutionize a people.

To possess the heart and cause it to bear the peaceable fruits of righteousness. These principles laid as the foundation in a nation and there is safety. That is why the singing prophet said: "Blessed is the nation whose God is the Lord."

When an Indian chief from India came to visit the Queen of England, and saw the greatness of the kingdom, the wonderful works of every kind, and the greatness of the people, he used the opportunity to ask the Queen what it was that made her nation so great, and she gave him the Bible.

When that man who had seen more of the darkness of heathenism than any other man; the one who had traversed the dark continent, and was about to go again for further explorations, an English lord asked him what he could give him. "Never mind the cost of it," said that English lord, "just mention anything you choose." And Henry M. Stanley said: "Give me the Bible." Gladstone says that the hope of humanity is in the Gospel of the Son of God. Paul saw all this, and rejoiced, by faith, that the Gospel was by any means preached.

It is the Gospel of Christ that determines the question of a pure or an impure home, of a mighty nation, or a nation of degraded heathens

Let us notice some reasons for rejoicing at the preaching of the Gospel.

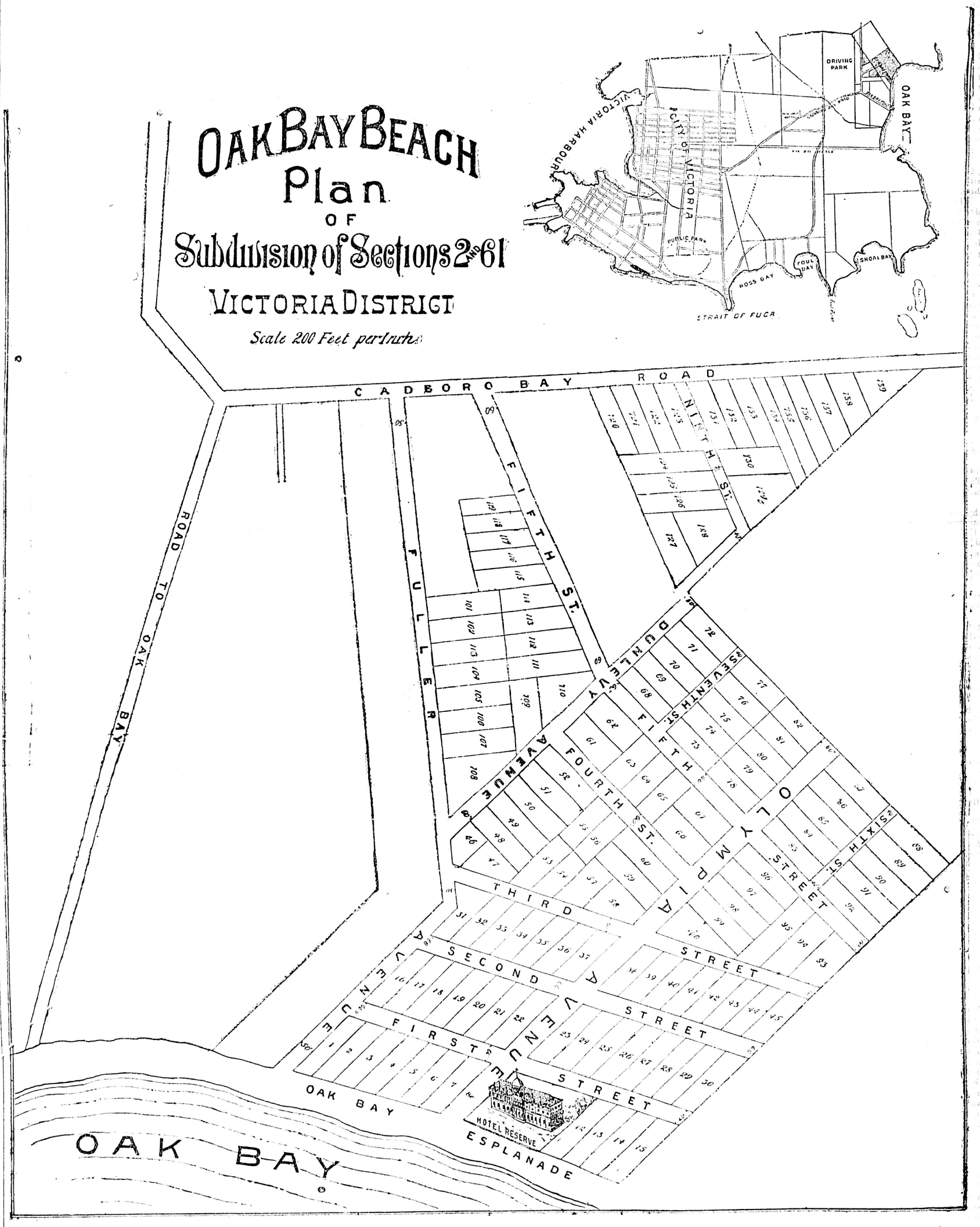
The preaching of the Gospel has in it the soul of philanthropy. The nations will never cease to honor its benefactors. Samuel F. B. Morse and Robert Fulton will ever live in the hearts of thankful millions. George Peabody and John Howard and William Wilberforce will be enshrined in the grateful memories of

Continued on Third Page.

OAK : BAY : BEACH.

THE SARATOGA OF BRITISH COLUMBIA AND THE NORTHWEST COAST.

Fine Residential Property at the Terminus of the Electric Railway to the East of the City, commanding the Finest Scenery adjacent to Victoria.



A Summer Hotel will be built shortly on the property. A Beautiful Sea Beach and fine Bathing.

LOOK AT THE PROPERTY - PRICES GIVEN IN A FEW DAYS

PREACHING CHRIST.

Continued from Second Page.

nations so long as there be nations. The reason is that these men have helped to feed and clothe the families and add happiness to the human race. But how far does the preaching of the Gospel surpass all other efforts to benefit the race. In it is found the only bread for the soul, the only clothing for the spirit. O what a transformation takes place where this Gospel is preached. What changes have been wrought in the world where it has gone. How the iniquity of heathenism has melted away before it as the light thereof has been spread abroad.

No wonder that Paul should have rejoiced in having this Gospel preached, even though he should thereby be made a cast away. Even though he should lose all the friends that he might have on earth.

Imagine a pure minded Christian man to have made the journey, a few years ago, of the Fiji Islands, and to have seen those degraded beings fighting in war and taking the prisoners and eating them, as delicious morsels, for their daily meals. Let this man look upon the horrors of these sunken families, and see them in all the darkness of heathenism, and then let him return to the sea coast and there be told that all this will be changed in a few years, that the Gospel will penetrate this wild land and drive the darkness away; and that instead of this there will be churches and lovely homes, and that those families will sit down together in love and peace at their own homes. That the whole island will rejoice and blossom as the rose. That the children will gather in the Sabbath schools and there sing the songs of the Redeemer of the world. Would not the joy of that man be well-nigh boundless? It seems to me that it would tax the ability of the most mighty angel to speak forth the joy of having this Gospel preached. This is what so stirred the heart of that great missionary.

Another reason for great joy at the preaching of the gospel is in the fact that in this is the greatest safeguard for the home and the nation.

This world has been a place of awful deeds; nations have gone down in blood and fire. Such have been the enemies of humanity that long ago the world had been depopulated had it not been repeopled many times over. Let us not close our eyes to the fact that all the old enemies that digged the graves of the old nations are here. They may go under other names, but they are here. There are perils threatening our national existence. Capital is arrayed against labor, and labor in turn is arrayed against capital. Only a spark is required to set a nation aflame. What is there to keep the torch and the dagger from repeating the blood red scenes of the French commune? No one denies that the enemies are larking in the under strata of our society. Anarchy is there: communism is there. They only wait a chance to strike. I believe that the very existence of our government, as of all other governments, depends upon having enough of these principles of the gospel to preserve them. There is no safeguard for home or nation outside of the gospel. The only safety of our homes lies in the hope of the gospel reaching the people.

On occasions like this we often look at the dangers of the unsaved; and most of our time is spent in looking at that side of this question. But there is another side to this whole matter. We ought to most seriously look at our own dangers here. Do you think that we are safe so long as they are in danger?

I ask you to consider the fact that our safety and blessings do depend upon our fidelity to the endangered.

It is so arranged in the economy of the government of God, that there can be no safety without fidelity. What claim has a church, or a soul, upon God for protection when it offers no hand to save or protect another? We have duties to every unsaved soul, and till those duties are discharged, there is no promise of safety to us. There is no promise of prosperity to any church outside of this. The church that does nothing for the endangered is not safe. The hand that is never lifted to rescue the endangered is itself in danger. A church is only safe, and on the road to prosperity, inasmuch as it is engaged in aiding others to be safe and prosperous.

Let me illustrate my point here, by an illustration familiar to all.

In 1853 Colonel Martin, an earnest Christian soldier of the ninth Bengal native infantry, desired to devote $5,000 to the founding of a mission in Peshawur, a large Mohammedan city where his regiment was stationed. This he could not do without the permission of the officer in charge. Colonel Mackeson was the English commissioner. Colonel Martin went to the commissioner and made the request. Peshawur is a city of 60,000 inhabitants, made up of those wild Afghans, and hill men who pointed their arguments with their daggers. And having lately come under English rule, Colonel Makeson thought it would be exceedingly dangerous to establish a Christian mission there. So he emphatically refused; and assured Colonel Martin that the first missionary that crossed into the valley of the Peshawur should be immediately sent back. Colonel Martin's plan must be laid aside till an opportunity came. That opportunity came with a lesson. One day the commissioner was listening to the appeals of the people. He was on the veranda of his house as usual. Among the number was a man who had spread his prayer rug in plain view, and had been making prostrations all day. He came to Colonel Makeson, and made his salaam and presented a paper. The Colonel supposing it to be a petition raised his arm to receive it, the man thrust a dagger into the commissioner's chest and killed him. The man was seized and found to be a Mohammedan fanatic who had assassinated the Englishman because he was an infidel. General Herbert E. Edwards, then a colonel, succeeded the slain commissioner. He was a Christian gentleman, and granted the request of Colonel Martin. A meeting of the European residents was called. The mission was founded and a subscription started around. One English captain who looked on the experiment as a dangerous one put his name down for one rupee for a revolver for the first missionary. The captain soon moved to Meerut, the quietest place in India. Four years after the mission was established the Bengal mutiny broke out. Those were testing times of the English authority in that province. That captain who went to Meerut saw his wife and children murdered before his eyes, and then he himself was slain. All Bengal was convulsed; but at Peshawur there was less crime than had ever been known in that city. The work of the missionary was not interfered with, and there was safety in this outpost of English rule.

So it is in the preaching of the gospel. There is only safety in the line of duty.

It will be so with Christianity in this great country of ours.

My last though is that Paul would have the gospel preached in accordance with the principles of receiving and giving.

That is as you have received so you should give.

I am solicitious that our churches should lay right foundations in this great country. One great trouble with the church has always been that she has not rightly solved the money question. To illustrate, do a little figuring here. Take our three million Baptists in the United States. If they were to give two cents a day they would contribute, yearly, enough to preach the gospel in all the world. They would give at that rate over $21,000,000 yearly. Do you ask if we could do that little? I would ask you in turn if you think the Lord ever converted a Baptist that was not worth a two cent postage stamp a day? If our denomination, say nothing about all others, were to give one-tenth of their income, they would give at the lowest estimate that you can make $60,000,000 yearly. But most of our people say that the one tenth is too small a sum to give; and they are right about it, as far as most of them are concerned. That is there are many of our people who should give their entire income; they should see to it that they get no richer than they are.

Then think to what an enormous sum this would swell the funds for preaching the gospel!

If we really rejoiced in the preaching of the gospel as we should, would not this state of things undergo a marvelous change at once? And if the dangers are to be averted from our churches and homes there must be a great change.

The Lord hasten the day of joy at a preached gospel in all lands.

THE THEATRE.

To the Editor. — Can you, or any of your readers, tell me why all, or nearly all, the best theatrical companies give Victoria the go-by? We have a splendid opera house, but to see a good show one has to go to Tacoma or Seattle. What is the matter?

Inquirer.

WATER SUPPLY.

To the Editor: — Why this constant monkeying with the water supply on Saturdays? The only day on which the residents on the high levels can hope to fill their tanks for Sunday is Saturday, which the chairman of the Water committee invariably selects for his experiments and shuts off the water. What is the man up to anyway? And cannot the Mayor put a "quietus" on his vagaries?

Valve.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

To the Editor: What is the meaning of the fooling with the water supply which has been going on lately? This day week the supply of water was almost entirely cut off, and the pressure went down to almost nothing. If a fire had broken out when the supply was in that condition, what would have happened? The firemen would have been obliged to let it burn and spread, for there would have been no water to put it out.

To-day, I see by the evening paper that a lot of idiots have been meddling with the water supply again. What is the Water Commissioner about that he permits such mischievous meddling? Surely he is supreme in his department and can prevent ignorant jacks in office making nonsensical and mischievous experiments. There is too much at stake to allow any one to tamper with the city's water supply. If the Water Commissioner has not authority to put a stop to it the City Council has, and it should exercise its authority.

Enquirer.

Sept. 6th, 1890.

Advice to Mothers.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

my31-eod-w

STRANGERS

Settling in Victoria should remember that

ROWBOTHAM

"The Grocer,"

Corner Yates and Broad streets,

Has on hand a complete, choice and well selected stock, and is constantly receiving additions thereto. His specialties are Teas, Coffees and Spices, in which he claims to give better value for the money than any other store in the city

The well-known "Devlin Blend" of Coffee has established for itself an enviable reputation, and is, without doubt, the most reliable blend in Victoria, can only be obtained from him, and is sold at a straight 40 cents per pound.

He does not sell goods at cost, but believes that Good Quality, Fair Prices and Square Dealing will command your confidence.

TELEPHONE No. 108. P. O. Box 476.
ap2-6mos-dw

SPENCER'S ARCADE

8 CASES

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS.

FINE FRENCH PLAIDS,

SCOTCH TARTANS, PLAID CHEVIOTS.

Large Assortment of Dress Lengths, No Two Alike.

D. SPENCER, GOVERNMENT ST.

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,

NEW

MEN'S AND BOYS'

SUMMER SUITS,

Hats, Underwear, Hosiery,

SHIRTS, -:- TIES, -:- GLOVES.

T. G. RICHARDS, Jr., Real Estate and Financial Broker.

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY:

James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park

INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.

CONVEYANCING in all its branches executed expeditiously and carefully.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AT CURRENT RATES. MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST.

51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

T. G. RAYNER, REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL BROKER

CITY LOTS. ACRE LOTS, WATER FRONT LOTS

IN VICTORIA WEST, FOWL BAY AND WEST BAY,

And a Complete List of First-Class Properties to Suit Investors. ap2

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

Victoria and Kamloops, B. C.

Have on hand, direct from the manufacturers, a full line of

Iron, Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Etc.

Sole agents for Brantford Carriage Company, Chatham Wagon Company, also for the

CHATHAM -:- FANNING -:- MILL

The Best and Cheapest in the World.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE A SPECIALTY.

ABBOTSFORD

THIS TOWNSITE will be placed on the market on

MONDAY, the 15th Inst.

At NOMINAL PRICES to First Purchasers.

TERMS: One-quarter Cash, balance in 4, 8 and 12 months.

Price List and Plans from any Real Estate Office in British Columbia.

RAND BROS', General Agents, Vancouver.

ap23-tf

REAL ESTATE

W. R. HIGGINS & CO.

Real Estate and Insurance Brokers, Rooms "C" and "D," White House Block, upstairs.

Choice City and Suburban Lots for Sale.

City Agents for London and Liverpool and Globe Fire Insurance Co. au10

NOTICE

British Columbia Agricultural Association Exhibition of 1890, to be held at Victoria Oct. 2, 3 and 4.

DIVISION B.—DRAUGHT HORSES.

Classes 16 and 17 are hereby cancelled, and in lieu thereof the following has been inserted:

Class.	1st Prize	2nd Prize
16 — Clydesdale Stallion	$20.00	$10.00
17 — " Mare	10.00	5.00
16A—Suffolk Punch Stallion	20.00	10.00
17A— " " Mare	10.00	5.00
16B—Percheron Stallion	20.00	10.00
17B— " Mare	10.00	5.00

NOTICE.

Regarding Rules 6 and 7.

Parties exhibiting thoroughbred stock, and not being in possession of a certified pedigree, will not be debarred from exhibiting such stock, but exhibitors will have to give satisfactory proof that such is thoroughbred if the judges require it.

au31 C. E. RENOUF, Secretary.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS,

Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

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VICTORIA RICE MILLS,

STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

—MILLERS OF—

China and Japan Rice,
Rice Meal, Rice Flour,
Chit Rice, Etc., Etc.

jun7

PROVINCIAL ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

The Directors are prepared to receive applications from Ladies desirous of joining the Training School for Nurses about to be established at the Hospital. Full particulars can be obtained of the Matron.

By order,
H. YATES, Secretary.
au12-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOWL BAY.

CHOICE LOTS

In this Delightful Neighborhood, some fronting on the Sea, can be had now at extremely low figures.

Following is a partial list of the many properties we have on sale, and investors should not fail to consult us before purchasing:—

5 acres on Oak Bay Avenue and Fowl Bay Road	$6,000
2 lots corner Vancouver and Packington streets	3,000
3 houses on 2 lots running from Fort to View st., rent per annum for $1,000	11,500
2 lots with orchard, corner of Belcher and Vancouver streets	4,000
House and 6 acres of fine grass land on Oakland Estate ... at per acre,	840
50 acres at Cadboro Bay, half cleared, all fenced ... at per acre,	370
7-roomed newly built house and 2 lots on Johnson street	3,780
157 acres timber and farming land on line of railway, with stream through property, in Oyster Bay District	1,000
4,000 acres of farming, coal and timber land, on Denman Island, at per acre,	15
2 lots James Bay, on car route	2,200
1 lot corner Humboldt and Maclure sts.	2,000
25 acres on Saanich Road; 20 acres a garden. Land for 1 years at a rental of $150 per annum. Price $300 per acre.	
Lots 20 and 21 St. Charles Avenue, containing 2 acres	2,400
Lots and ½-acre blks Foul Bay, easy terms.	
House and lot on North Park street, 8 rooms, kitchen, outhouses, etc., etc.	3,500
8 corner lots on English Bay ... from	600
2-acre block, Foul Bay Road	2,325
1½ acre choice building block on Extension of Douglas street	2,500
260 acres Lasquita Island, and free range of 6,000 acres, with house, 12 ton sloop, etc. Stock of 400 sheep. A good market at Nanaimo, 25 miles distant	3,500
100 acres Metchosin District, ¾ mile N. E. Pedder Bay, 40 acres bottom land	750
41 acres St. Charles street	10,000
100 Water and Gas shares, paying from 10 % to 15 % at Nanaimo	Gas $55 per share. Water, $65
320 acres at New Westminster, near Pitt River line of railway. House and barn, etc. Splendid farming land	12,000
1 acre land, partly improved, cor. Tennyson Street and Kalvin Road	1,250
Beautiful residence lot, 85x125, corner Fisgard and Quadra Street	4,200

IRVING & JOHNSTON,

Trounce Avenue,

VICTORIA, B. C.

jly1

China and Japan

FANCY GOODS.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of

CELEBRATED TEA,

Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.

—ALSO—

PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,

Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,

HANG WO HING KEE,

Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street.
fy 25-12mo

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

The Esmond Hotel

Front and Morrison, Portland.

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTment. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.

my13-tf THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE

CROCKERY, ETC.

BEING ABOUT TO RETIRE FROM business, my entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains, Cornices and poles, Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc., will be sold for Cash at greatly reduced prices. Also—

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

The best equipped Furniture Factory in the Province, most advantageously situated for shipping, on Laurel Point, suitable for any manufacturing purpose.

JACOB SEHL

63 GOVERNMENT STREET.

"Land Registry Act."

Section XXII, Lake District.

WHEREAS, the Certificate of Title of Samuel Ricketts, of Lake District, Province of British Columbia, to Section XXII, Lake District, bearing date the 24th day of July, 1873, has been lost and application has been made for duplicate of such certificate, Notice is, therefore, hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 4th September, 1890. se5

EDUCATIONAL.

THE REV. C. J. BRENTON, M.A., begs to announce that on and after this date J. W. CHURCH, ESQ., M.A., will become associated with him as Joint Head-Master of Corrig College. MR. CHURCH has been Head-Master of the Middlesborough Grammar School, England, for the past five years, and is a Prizeman, Scholar, and Master of Arts of the Durham University, a first class in the Theo: Exam: of the University of Cambridge, and a Student in Philosophy of the University of Edinburgh; he has a Diploma from the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education as Science Master, and has passed over 200 candidates in the University Matriculation and Degree Exams., Cambridge and Durham Locals, Legal, Medical, Pharmaceutical and Commercial Exams.

SCHOOL YEAR BEGINS TUESDAY, SEPT. 9th. To ensure admission this year an early application should be made.

Corrig College, Victoria, B.C. se5-1m

NOTICE.

MISS BODINGTON AND MISS GALLEY will open their preparatory School in Harmony Hall, View Street, on Monday, September 1st. P. O. Drawer 36. a16-1m

VIOTORIA VIOLIN SCHOOL.

Classes for FEMALE Pupils every Monday and Thursday. Classes for MALE Pupils every Tuesday and Friday from 4 to 5.30 P.M.

Prof. GRANAT, 52 Quadra St., P.O. Box 353
au27-1m

EDUCATION.

MR. KAYE is prepared to receive a few private pupils for Arithmetic, Mathematics, and Book-keeping, and will assist intending Candidates for Teachers' Certificates. 111 Fisgard Street. au12-1m

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

CONDUCTED BY THE OBLATE FATHERS.

Commercial and Classical.

RE-OPENS ON SEPT. 1st, 1890.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition for Season of Five Months, $75.00; Washing and Mending, $10.00; Bed and Bedding, $8.00. au21-2w

SELECT BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

MISS CATON having built a house will now be able to take a few young ladies as boarders.

Miss Caton has had the entire care of young ladies of the upper classes in England, has studied French and German in their respective countries, and has first-class certificates and testimonials.

THE NEXT TERM WILL BEGIN ON MONDAY, SEPT. 1st.

Full particulars at 15 Bellot street on Monday afternoons or by letter. ag17-2w

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.

A Boarding and Day School for YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.

TACOMA, WASHINGTON.

Most Healthful Location in the Country.

$50,000 Endowment.

Terms for Boarders, $300 per Year

For Catalogue Address—

D. S. PULFORD, A. M.,
aug5-1m Tacoma, Wash.

Victoria School of Cookery.

Philharmonic Hall, Fort Street.

MISTRESS: MISS AGNES McADAM,

(An associate of the first class of the West End Training School of Cookery, Glasgow.)

The object of the School is to give young Ladies a practical training in Household Cookery.

The fee for a course of twelve lessons will be $5.00.

The first course began yesterday, August 5th, and pupils can now be enrolled from 10 to 12 a.m. except Saturday.

jly23

ANGELA COLLEGE.

VICTORIA, B. C.

MISS DUPONT, with a new staff of Resident Teachers from the East, will re-open her BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for Young Ladies on Monday, Aug. 25th. aug1-f

CORRIG SCHOOL, VICTORIA, will re-open on Tuesday, the 9th of September.

This is the oldest and most successful Private School in the Province. Only boys of good moral character are received. The instruction and discipline have always been of the highest order. Former pupils are now acquitting themselves with credit at Toronto University, Guelph College, the Royal Military College, and leading public schools in England. A class will be prepared during the coming year for the University Local Examinations of Canada. The Head Master is now abroad with the view of extending the business department of the school. A gentleman holding the degree of M. A. is expected to leave England shortly for a mastership in the school.

C. J. BRENTON, M. A.,
au13 Head Master.

ANNIE WRIGHT SEMINARY,

TACOMA, WASHINGTON.

A Boarding & Day School for Girls.

The seventh year opens on the second Thursday in September. For catalogue and particulars address

MRS. SARAH K. WHITE,
jly3 Principal.

NOTICE TO

Contractors and Others.

Just arrived per Bark Archer a large Stock of

PLATE-:-GLASS!

Which we are now prepared to supply at low rates.

Colored Glass, &c., Kept in Stock

J. W. MELLOR & CO.,
m25-6m Painters and Glaziers, 65 Fort S

CHINESE DOCTOR.

DR. WONG HIM, late (for 16 years) of Los Angeles, California.

Office—4 Cormorant street, next to King, Tye & Co.'s. P.O. Box 320. fy28-6m

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS, A. G. SARGISON, } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States..... $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Nonpareil, in the first column of third page, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted among local or other reading matter, 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No special notice inserted for less than $2.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisments discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if ontinued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.
☞Where Cuts are nserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

DECLINES TO ANSWER.

We did not expect our esteemed contemporary, the Westminster Columbian, to answer the questions we put to it the other day, out we were afraid that the conviction that they were nuts too hard for it to crack would make it cross and cause it to give an ill-natured and crabbed reply. But it has done nothing of the kind. We have not yet done admiring its pleasant good humored way of getting out of a difficult position.

It says that we hurled at it a perfect avalanche of questions, reproducing them with tolerable accuracy, and then declining to answer them in quite a jolly way. Here are the questions and the answer:—

Is to differ from THE COLONIST to be wanting in independence? Is it not as possible for a journal to show its independence by supporting a Government as by opposing it? Why should we (that is THE COLONIST) desert the Government and uphold the Opposition? What is the Opposition? Who compose it? What are its principles? In what does the Opposition excel the Government? What will the Opposition do for this Province which the present Government is not doing? Is single tax a plank in the Opposition platform? Is the leader of the Opposition the leader now? Has it been decided that the building of railways by Government is to be another plank in the Opposition platform? If that party has a platform, why does not the Columbian and its other organs give it to the country?

Oh, come off! We are not an encyclopaedia of miscellaneous political information, if our contemporary HAS developed into a riotous and insatiable interrogation point. Further, we are not an organ of the Opposition, and could not think of depriving the Times of the pleasure of answering a lot of those questions.

The questions were, we admit, inconvenient, and we commend our contemporary for the discretion it has displayed in not attempting to answer them. We think, too, that we see between the lines some faint writing the purport of which is not exactly complimentary to the shadowy, intangible Opposition. If the whole truth were known it would be seen that our contemporary has not a much higher opinion of the Opposition than we have ourselves. It sees how weak it is in numbers, and how poor it is in principle. The antics which some of its members have been playing lately cannot raise them in the esteem of sensible, order-loving people. We are greatly mistaken if the Columbian would like to see Mr. Tully Boyce elevated to the position of boss of the party which it supports. It sees that it would not be very pleasant to be a supporter of a party, the wires of which are pulled by Mr. Tully Boyce. Yet it is quite evident, from late developments that that agitator is to occupy a prominent position in the new Opposition. With Tully Boyce for Boss outside the legislature and F. C. Cotton for leader in the Assembly, the Opposition will be a kind of double-headed monster, which will excite the wonder if it does not command the admiration of the community. The notion of such an Opposition will shock our contemporary, which is conservative in its leanings, but we ask it if events have not been lately moving in that direction. Every one sees that the leading and most active spirits of the Opposition have been Boyce and Cotton. We put Boyce first, because he is first. The others have been compelled to "fall in" behind him. As the Columbian tacitly admits the Opposition has not principles it is reduced to the necessity of fishing for votes in whatever waters they may be supposed to lie, no matter how dirty or troubled they may be. What its policy is remains to be seen. Under such guidance as it has chosen the Opposition's policy will be pretty sure to be a queer mixture.

We have a notion that the answers of the Times to our questions, when they do come, will not be in any respect more satisfactory, or more perspicuous, than the reply of the Columbian, and we are very sure they will not be so genial and so good-tempered.

THE IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED.

The navigation of the coast of British Columbia must be exceedingly difficult. Along almost its whole extent are islands and rocks separated by narrow and tortuous channels. There are also almost innumerable inlets and channels on which the navigator must sail or steam with the utmost caution. If there is a coast in the world that needs to be accurately surveyed and carefully and liberally buoyed and lighted it is the coast of British Columbia.

There is now along that coast a very considerable trade which is rapidly increasing. Scattered along the North coast on the banks of rivers and up inlets are numerous canneries. The deep sea fisheries of the coast are rapidly developing and its timber trade, already considerable, will soon be greatly increased. There are already settlements of one kind and another along the whole line of coast and additions are being made to them every year. Yet all this coast, the trade of which is already so considerable and which promises to be much greater in the near future, is by no means properly surveyed and in the very important matter of lights and buoys it is altogether neglected. Knowing this and looking at the map the observer must be surprised that there are not every year on the British Columbia coast a great number of disasters. It speaks volumes for the skill and care of the masters of the vessels that navigate this difficult and most neglected coast that the shipwrecks are not a very great deal more frequent than they are. To the uninitiated it is a matter of wonder that the disasters are not greatly more numerous than the records show. There are hundreds of miles of the coast without a single light or buoy to warn or guide the mariner.

The lighthouse furthest north from Victoria is on Yellow Island, at the entrance of Baynes Sound, in Latitude 49 deg. 28 min. Even this light has not yet been shown, but it will, we learn, soon be seen to show those who navigate the coast that the authorities have some regard for their safety. The last buoy which the shipmaster bound north sees is off the entrance of Departure Bay. This is only a few miles from Victoria, comparatively speaking. From Yellow Island to the Alaska boundary, in latitude 55 deg., there is not a single lighthouse or a solitary buoy. For six degrees of latitude, along a difficult coast, there are none of those aids to navigation that in every part of the world are considered absolutely necessary. There are places along this stretch of coast that are in the greatest need of being lighted and buoyed. Rivers Inlet, as Captain Wallran has already shown, has been wrongly marked in the chart. It has not been surveyed, and the shipmaster has neither light nor buoy to aid him in navigating it. On this Inlet there are two large canneries. Deans' Channel and all the other channels to which Fisher Channel leads are not yet surveyed. Burke Channel, which leads to the mining and trading post, Bella Kula, is not surveyed, and, of course, not marked in any way. Ursula Channel and a number of other channels connected with it are not surveyed. At the head of Gardner's Canal there is a cannery. Will it be believed that even the Skeena River, on which there are seven canneries, is not surveyed, and there is not upon it a single buoy. Work Channel, north of Port Simpson, is in the same condition. Off Port Simpson is a most dangerous reef, called Harbor Rocks. There is no mark to show where this danger to navigation is situated. The harbor, we are informed, is an excellent one, and the channel leading to it, north and south of these rocks, ought to be buoyed without delay. Methakahtla, which, as all know is, the seat of a bishopric, has a dangerous and intricate harbor. In its present condition it cannot be safely entered, except at low water, when the rocks that impede navigation are bare. This harbor greatly needs buoying.

The authorities should give the coast of this province the attention it requires. It is almost incredible that the coast of so important a part of the Dominion should be suffered to remain in so neglected a condition. As long as there are no marks to show the navigator the dangers of the coast the Dominion Government is to a very great extent responsible for every disaster that occurs. It is greatly to be hoped that a proper survey of the coast of this province will be made before very long. It is a reproach not only to the Dominion Government, but to Great Britain itself, that the coast of so important a part of the Empire should be unsurveyed. Is it not possible for the two governments to make some arrangement for the complete hydrographic survey of the coast of this province. It is, as the reader sees, very badly needed, and the work could be done by the officers and crews of the ships of war stationed here without much extra expense. The survey would in fact brake the monotony of their existence on this distant station.

A SOUND TEST.

The following excellent remarks on strikes are from the leading article in the New York Herald on the great Central railway strike. They are well worthy the attention of all who take an interest in what has become one of the most important questions of the time. The Herald says:

A strike, like a war, comes from the slightest causes. It may fall like the avalanche which an echo or a mountain shout may send crashing over plains and villages. Nothing was less to be expected a month ago than the present disturbances on the Central. The fact that they have not spread more rapidly and involved other systems shows that the leaders of the movement are moving with caution, and do not mean to forfeit every claim to public sympathy or consideration.

A strike is a revolution, not to be lightly entered upon nor, once begun, to be hastily abandoned. It means, or should mean, the existence of some evil, some oppression so intolerable that the workingman will leave his work and bring privation to himself, suffering to his wife and children, rather than submit. There have been, unfortunately, many provocations of this kind, and the men who resented them, even at bitter cost to themselves, deserve praise for their endurance and courage.

If the Herald's test of the justification of a strike, namely, "the existence of some evil, or some expression so intolerable that the workingman will leave his work and bring privation to himself, suffering to his wife and children rather than submit," is applied to the Wellington strike it will have to be admitted that there ought to be no strike at the Wellington mines. The miners in those mines suffered from no evil. Their condition compared favorably with that of the men working in the best mines on the continent. They were not the victims of oppression of any kind. They were well treated. They were in the enjoyment of the fullest liberty. They really had no personal grievances to complain of. They struck work because they were not permitted to participate in the management of the mine. This should not be forgotten. Every man who was working in the Wellington mines in May last might have been ever since earning good wages under favorable circumstances. Men in those mines are now earning three, four and five dollars a day. Were men who had such a chance as that and no grievance worth mentioning to complain of, justified in throwing up their work, denying their families the comforts and necessaries they were entitled to, and placing themselves and their wives and children in a position of dependence on the contributions of their fellow-workingman?

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. WILLIS desires to announce to the ladies of Victoria and vicinity, that she has procured the services of FIRST-CLASS HELP from San Francisco, and is prepared to guarantee entire satisfaction to all ladies who wish Stylish Gowns and Costumes made.
73 Government Street, Up-Stairs.
jly 12-1m

Views of Victoria at Daley's.

—THE—
NANAIMO BREWING CO.
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL $75,000, in 1,500 Shares at $50 each.

A few remaining shares for sale, apply to—

MESSRS. FIELD & DEMPSTER,
Real Estate Brokers,
se1 Nanaimo, B. C.

IN DARKEST AFRICA

AND the Quest, Rescue and Retreat of Emin, the Governor of Equatoria, by Henry M. Stanley, complete in two volumes with 16 maps and about 150 illustrations. Chas. Scribner's Sons, New York, and the Presbyterian News Co., Toronto.

J. K. GILL & CO.,
Sole agents for British Columbia.
B. LEES, Agent for Victoria. a10

"In Darkest Africa"

Agents are hereby notified that the title of **Stanley's New Book** *is "In Darkest Africa," and anyone representing any other book as containing an account of the Relief of Emin Pasha will be liable to prosecution. Anyone subscribing for any other book on such false representations is not bound either legally or morally to accept such book or to pay for the same when presented.*

THE PRESBYTERIAN NEWS CO.,
TORONTO.
D. T. McAINSH, Manager.

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.
We have received instructions to sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
All the following goods, under distraint for rent, at Salesroom, Wharf St., on
Tuesday, September 9th, 1890.
AT 11 O'CLOCK.
Crib, mattress and 2 pillows, 1 lounge, extension table, coal scuttle, fire iron and stand, lot of tinware and crockery, carpet sweeper, hanging lamp, bronze table lamp, pair pictures, clock, etc.
Also on another Account.
Furniture, carpets, crockery, glassware, stove, clocks, pictures, 2 large mirrors, sofa, a very handsome chandelier, dress goods, groceries, show cases, candy jars, etc., etc.
—ALSO—
1 Handsome Pier Glass and Stand.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
se5 Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
I am instructed by the Mortgagee to sell by Public Auction, at the
Sale Room, Store St.,
—ON—
Friday, 19th Sept., at 12 o'clock Noon,
All those pieces or parcels of land, numbered on the official map as follows, viz: Victoria city lots No. 65 Kane street, 311 and 312 View street, and subdivision lot No. 6 of five acres, suburban lot No. X5, fifteen Pandora street, with all improvements thereon.
LEASEHOLD INTEREST
Of the mortgage in part of Lot 539, Cormorant street, and the buildings thereon, for the unexpired portion of the lease of 28 years and 7 months, from the first day of July, 1881, at the monthly rental of $22.50 per month.
Section No. 3, Comox District,
Containing, 99 acres, more or less.
TERMS CASH. Deeds at Purchaser's Expense.
W. R. CLARKE,
se5-td-d&w Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate
W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.
Under an order of the Supreme Court, I am instructed by the Administrator, J. C. Prevost, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, at the Salesroom, Store Street, on
Wednesday, the 10th of September
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.
All those pieces or parcels of Land situated on Bellville Street, James Bay, and numbered on the official map as Lo's 539, 539A, 540 and 540A.
Two of these lots are water lots, and the whole will be sold subject to the approval of the Court. The property is known as the LEIGH ESTATE.
TERMS:
Cash, Deeds at Purchaser's Expense
W. R. CLARKE,
au29 Auctioneer.

G. BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.
AUCTION
Saturday, 20th September, 11 a. m.
The Foster Gold and Silver Mining Co. (Limited), situate in Lillooet District, under the Winding Up Act.
I have been instructed by the Liquidator of the above Estate to sell by Auction at my
Salesrooms Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria,
All the real and personal property of the above Company situate in Lillooet District, consisting of Three Mineral Grants, being Lots 101, 102 and 103, on Kelly's Creek, 18 miles from Clinton.
ALSO—A ten-stamp mill with a Pelton wheel and ample water power, 4 Duncan concentrators, a chlorinating plant, an assay outfit, and a quantity of mining tools and material on the ground. The whole to be sold en bloc.
A large amount of work has been done on the mine; a wagon-road has been constructed to the property.
There is a large milling and boarding house at the mine, and every facility for continuing the works.
This is the most complete milling plant and property in British Columbia.
For Further Particulars Apply to—
G. BYRNES,
aug22 Auctioneer.

JOHN A. ANDREW,
—AGENT—
New York Life Insurance Company,
ACCOUNTANT, BROKER,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
No. 39 LANGLEY STREET.
P. O. Box 483. jly4-tf

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MITCHELL & CO., New York. TODHUNTER MITCHELL & CO., Toronto.
COFFEE & SPICE IMPORTERS
Direct Shipment from Plantations a Specialty.
JAMES MITCHELL, AGENT, VICTORIA, se5-tf

GOODWIN & CO.,
—MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH CLASS—
GRAND AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES
—TUNING AND REPAIRING.—
Cor. FORT and BROAD Sts., - - - P. O ox 422.
au26-1m

THE CITIZENS' BALL.
—FANS—
SILK AND KID GLOVES in Evening Shades.
FLOWERS---The Finest Assortment in the City.
EVENING WRAPS in Silk and Wool.
All Articles of Evening Wear Necessary for this Event at
THE WHITE HOUSE,
HENRY YOUNG & CO

PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
(LIMITED.)
CONTRACTORS FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
ASPHALT PAVING
Roofing, Construction of Sea Walls, Coating of Iron Pipes, Reservoirs, Cellars, Steamers, Wharf Piles, Etc.
We beg to call the attention of the public to the great advantage of our ASPHALT GARDEN WALK PAVING, as being free from weeds, always clean and most durable.
JNO. COUGHLAN, MANAGER, | J. E. CRANE, SEC. AND TREA.
—OFFICE OF—
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS, 30 Broad St.
au30

LOOK HERE!!
BUYERS OF FURNITURE SHOULD SEE THE
NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED
AND COMPARE STYLES AND PRICES.
Good enough for the Richest.
Cheap enough for the Poorest.
—AT—
HASTIE & ERSKINE'S, 62 Govt. Street.
jly16-12m

JUST ARRIVED.
WOOLS! WOOLS! WOOLS!
BERLINS—3-Fold, 4-Fold, 2-Fold.
Saxony Germantown Fingerings.
Fingering Yarns.
Mrs. W. Bickford, 63 Fort Street.
mar 6

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.
VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Corner Government and Yates Streets, - VICTORIA, B. C.
no2

THE CHEAPEST PROPERTY
—IN—
VICTORIA WEST.
TWENTY-FIVE LOTS--Orchard, Garden and Meadow, 300 feet from Tramway and Beautiful Situation, fine Fruit Trees in full bearing.
$300 to $450 TERMS TO SUIT
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,
BROKERS, - - - 30 Broad St.
au30-t

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
MONDAY, SEPT. 8th.
First and only appearance of
Canada's Popular Elocutionist and Reader,
Miss AGNES KNOX
Parquette and Dress Circle 50c., Gallery 25c.
se5-td

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO noon, Saturday, 13th inst., for the erection of a two-story frame residence, facing the Gorge Road, for Senator McInnes.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
se4-td JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE tenders up to noon Wednesday, 10th inst., for the erection of two frame residences, facing Third Street, Work Estate, for T. Shaw, Esq.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
se4 JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR the erection of a two-story frame residence at Cadboro Bay, for Ira Wilson, Esq., up to Thursday, the 11th Sept., 12 o'clock noon.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
se5 JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

Notice to Road Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to noon of Wednesday, 17th inst., for certain work to be done upon the Metchosin Road.
Specifications can be seen and forms for tender obtained at Mrs. Gleed's (Post Office) Metchosin, or at the office of the undersigned.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 3rd Sept., 1890. se4

Canada Western Hotel Company
(LIMITED LIABILITY).
TENDERS
Wanted for Excavating. (Plan No. 2).
BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED up to 12 o'clock noon, on the 20th inst., addressed to the Secretary at the Company's Office, No. 37 Government Street, Victoria, B.C., where plans and specifications may be seen.
The Company reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
E. M. JOHNSON, Secretary.
Canada Western Hotel Co. (Ltd. Liability).
Victoria, B.C., Sept. 2, A.D. 1890. se3-td

Notice to Road Contractors.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL BE received by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 13th September, for certain work to be done upon the Sooke, Otter Point, and Millstream Roads.
Specifications can be seen and forms for tender obtained at the residence of Robert Muir, Esq., Sooke, and of E. O'Brien, Esq., Otter Point, and at the office of the undersigned.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 28th Aug., 1890. aug29

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until the 10th day of September, at 4 p. m., at the office of the undersigned, for
The Construction of a Fence at Ross Bay Cemetery.
Plans and specifications may be seen at the City Surveyor's office.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Hall, Aug. 28, 1890. au29 C. M. C.

MUNICIPAL.

Notice to Water Consumers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on Saturday next, the 6th inst., the Water will be turned off the 12-inch main at Swan Lake, between the hours of 9 A.M. and 6 P.M., when the City will be supplied with Water by the 16-inch main only.
By order of the Water Committee.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Hall, Sept. 4, 1890. se5 C.M.C.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office on the New Methodist Church site, corner Johnson and Quadra streets.
tf

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Self-Sealing Jam Jars.

Russell, McDonald & Co., 134 Douglas street.

Bathing

Drawers and suits in great variety at the Golden Rule Clothing Store, 40 Yates street.

Fine Art Gallery.

Call at No. 50 Government street, an immense stock of latest styles of mouldings, engravings, etc., etc.

aug30-4m JOS. SOMMERS.

The Old, Old Story.

As regularly as the shooting season comes round the announcement is made that some lover of boating has been nearly shot by careless sportsmen in the neighborhood of the harbor. Yesterday Mr. George C. Delaney was the "almost" victim. The bullet of a 44 struck his boat while he was rowing near Mr. Croft's new residence.

The Telegraph Office.

Work on the building, on Trounce avenue, is progressing rapidly. It is expected that the telegraph company will move into its new office by the first of November. The situation is admirable, being convenient for all classes of business.

Looking for Willis.

Charles P. Burgess, a young lawyer of San Francisco, came to Victoria, yesterday, in search of one Henry Willis, a miner, who came to this country four years ago from California and to whom a fortune is coming. Willis is said by one or two of those who knew him here to have gone to Cassiar, whither Mr. Burgess will proceed by the next steamer.

Y. M. I. Picnic.

A pleasant party with all the elements for a really enjoyable day will leave from the corner of Pioneer street this morning at 9 o'clock and will proceed to Cordova bay to spend the day. The occasion is a picnic of the Y. M. I. and they are in for a really good time. Any friends who happen to be in the vicinity during the day had better drop into the circle and see the enjoyment.

Shot Yesterday.

The regular bill of fare for dinner at the Victoria Gardens to-day will be supplemented by game which was shot yesterday, and which will be served up in the style for which the popular host and hostess of the Gardens have gained such a reputation. The dinner hour begins at 2 o'clock.

Hospital Fire Protection.

Step by step the Jubilee Hospital advances towards completion. The city has given the institution the old hook and ladder truck, and the order has been given for four six gallon chemical extinguishers. There are about fifty buckets placed at intervals about the building.

"In Darkest Africa."

Messrs. Hibben & Co. have received the following telegram from the Asst. Commissioner of Customs:

Portage la Prairie, Man., August 16, 1890.

T. N. HIBBEN & Co., Victoria.

Importation of original British edition "Darkest Africa" is not prohibited by Tariff Act.

W. G. PARMELEE,
Asst. Comnr.

Glove Contest.

Everything has been satisfactorily arranged for a glove contest of 10 rounds for $150.00 a side between Dan O'Donnell, of San Francisco, and Bill Waters, of Victoria, both parties having put up a deposit of $40 each as a guarantee of good faith, the final deposit to be made on Saturday, the 6th inst., to the stakeholders, Bill Philips and T. J. Ridehalgh. The contest is to take place in Philharmonic Hall on the 15th inst., and is for scientific points. td

Commendable Precaution.

The theatre was crowded beyond its fullest capacity yesterday at both the matinee and evening performances. Chief Deasy noticed that the exits were all closed, and also foresaw the consequence in case of a panic from fire or other cause. He therefore insisted on the observance of the by-law, and had all the exit doors open before the sale of tickets proceeded. Then, with a couple of firemen on guard in case of accident, things went well.

Slightly Mixed.

"What's it cost to send a message to England?" enquired a gentleman apparently not of the city to a telegraph operator here a day or so ago.

"Forty-two cents," replied the operator, meaning of course 42 cents per word.

The applicant for information didn't understand it that way however, and a few hours later returned with two pages, closely written, which he laid on the counter accompanied with a 50c. piece. And then it took fifteen minutes of the operator's valuable time to straighten matters out, and the cable was not sent after all.

Met in the Fog.

On the 3rd instant the barque Mercator was towed out of Seattle by the tug Wonder. She was lumber laden for Valpariso. The tug cast her adrift about eight miles west of Cape Flattery, in a dense fog. In this state she was drifting with the sea and came into collision, about ten minutes after having been cast off, with the fishing schooner Chance, of Portland. The captain of the Mercator felt certain that the schooner sustained much damage and his own vessel was somewhat injured as well, but in the thickness of the fog he could see nothing and was incapable of ascertaining what had really occurred beyond the collision, but the captain of the Chance sang out "all right," and the Mercator drifted off. Shortly afterwards she came across the Lorne, and Captain Christensen was told of the affair. The Mercator's captain was most anxious to know whether the Chance had been much injured or rendered useless, but Captain Christensen afterwards saw the schooner at anchor in Neah Bay safe and well.

Another Fool at Large.

An incident occurred at Cadboro Bay on Thursday afternoon which only further demonstrates that something more severe than press censure is necessary in dealing with the idiots who are scouring the country with guns, prepared to shoot at all living objects—human, domestic or wild. A young married lady was standing at the door of her house on the day in question when suddenly she heard the sharp crack of a rifle and a bullet passed through the top of her hat and into the wall beyond. The man who fired the shot was but a short distance away, scared and white at the mistake he had committed. The lady called to him, and, pointing to the hole in her hat, asked: "Do you see what you have done?" The fool blurted out, "I beg your pardon; I didn't know you were there." This was his explanation for his remarkable conduct. Had the ball struck two inches lower it would have entered the woman's brain. The individual is known, and the matter may yet be investigated by the authorities. It ought to be at any rate, for if these individuals are permitted to go scot free when they have been criminally careless, incidents, fatal and otherwise, will be on the increase. Accident is the general term used for these occurrences, but improperly so. The perpetrators are in the strictest sense guilty of something worse than carelessness.

Park Music.

The "C" battery band by kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Holmes will again delight the park frequenters to-day. The programme is, if possible, somewhat better than that catered last Sunday. It is as follows:

March ..... Member of Parliament
Overture ..... Turner's Motto
Selection ..... Popular Airs
Potpourie ..... Tour Through Europe
Sacred Selection ..... Refuge
Fantasia ..... German Melodies
Medley ..... Daughter of Love
Vive la Canadienne. God save the Queen.

Miss Agnes Knox.

This charming young Canadian elocutionist is booked for an appearance at The Victoria to-morrow evening. Her selections, dramatic and pathetic, are exceedingly well rendered always; she is a lady of rare grace and beauty; and she has in the Eastern provinces won a fame as an elocutionist hardly second to Mrs. Scott Siddons. Her house should be a packed one.

Whales and Whales.

The straits at present are full of whales. At Race Rocks hundreds of the big creatures are sporting in the water, and the Annie C. Moore on Friday passed several schools of twenty or more each even newer Victoria. The Mary Taylor had a similar experience, the whales surrounding her and approaching so near that, as Capt. Pettit remarks, there was no fun in it.

He Wanted Children's Rates.

Prof. Gentry, the owner and proprietor of the equine wonders that yesterday closed a season at The Victoria, is indignant at the exactions of the Canadian customs authorities. He was taxed $1 apiece for the examination of his troop of ten under the Animal Inspection Regulation. This is the price charged for a full sized horse, and the ponies are only very miniature editions. Consequently the professor thought they were entitled to children's rates, which they could not get however.

Tampering With the Water.

During the last few days there has been considerable tampering with the water supply. While shutting off the water causes much inconvenience, not to say anything of the danger incurred in case of fire, it is a comfort to know that all calls at cochrane and munn's drug store will receive prompt attention at any hour, day or night. Their store will be open to-day during the following hours: 9 to 10.30 a.m.; 2 to 5 p.m. and 8:30 to 10 p.m.

Right Rev. Dr. Courtney.

At Christ Church Cathedral this morning Victorians will have an opportunity of listening to a sermon from the lips of a speaker, who as pastor of Trinity Church, Boston, was one of the best known and most widely famed orators of that cultured city. Rt. Rev. Frederick Courtney, D.D., now Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia, will not, in all probability, revisit Victoria for some time, and to-day will be the only opportunity of hearing him. His Lordship will occupy the pulpit in St. John's Church in the evening.

Entered Into Rest.

Frederick C. Marshall has for many years been a well-known character about the newspaper offices of California and British Columbia. He has served in a variety of capacities on the press—as editor, reporter and correspondent—and distinguished himself as a man of ability. Latterly his health has utterly failed, and yesterday his eyes closed in death at the Jubilee hospital, of which institution he had been for some time an inmate. The deceased was an Englishman by birth and came here with the California cricketers about eighteen years ago. He liked the country so well that it became his home. He was about 45 years of age and married.

"H. M. S. Pinafore."

Mr. Frederic Adderley returned from Seattle yesterday, where he has been preparing the local Philharmonic society for the production of that charming opera, "H. M. S. Pinafore." They will open the Madison street theatre with it on Thursday next, and will repeat the performance on Friday and Saturday evenings. It has also been arranged for them to come to Victoria and play on Monday evening at the opera house here. Mr. Adderley says that the company will deserve a good house in that they show commendable qualities at present, which will be advantageously developed and trained by three nights' play among their own public.

In the Pulpits.

Arrangements have been made for the following prominent clergymen of the Baptist denomination, who have been attending the Convention in Calvary church, addressing Victoria congregations to-day:

At Calvary Baptist church—Rev. I. W. Read, of Seattle, in the morning; Rev. Dr. Banks, of Tacoma, in the evening.

At the First Presbyterian—Rev. Dr. Sunderland, superintendent of missions, in the evening.

At St. Andrew's Presbyterian—Rev. Dr. Pierce, in the morning; Rev. I. W. Read, evening.

At the Gorge Road Methodist—Rev. Mr. Wooddy, editor of The Pacific Baptist, in the evening.

At Pandora Street Methodist—Rev. Thomas Baldwin, of Seattle, at 7 p.m.

At Emanuel church, Spring Ridge—Rev. Mr. Townsend, of England, in the morning; (No evening service.)

At Esquimalt—Rev. Mr. Squires, of Tacoma, in the morning.

At Victoria West—Rev. W. H. Sherman, of Gray's Harbor.

A Shoal In The Narrows.

On Friday afternoon a shoal was discovered in the Narrows by a party acting under instruction from the Board of Pilot Commissioners. At low water, about 4 o'clock, the party left the C. P. R. wharf in the steam launch of H. M. S. Amphion which had been kindly placed at their disposal by the captain. Lieutenant Barrett had command of the launch. For over an hour the channel was sounded and at length the shoal was discovered, an anchorage made on it and the angles taken for its measurement. The work occupied till 6:30 p.m., when the the party returned home. The shoal, which has hitherto been unknown, is almost exactly in the centre of the channel and has deep water on either side of it. The first intimation of its existence was when the the steamship Parthia touched it, without receiving any damage, however, on her outward passage on the 21st of June last. The officers and the pilot, especially, were surprised and inclined to consider themselves mistaken, but, nevertheless the matter was reported at Hong Kong and the result was Friday's discovery. The shoal is in a line almost due north from the Brockton Point lighthouse and as before stated, in the centre of the channel. It will be marked on the Admiralty Chart and all danger from its existence will be gone.—News Advertiser.

Marks v. Doll and Hirschberg.

In the case of Marks vs. Doll and Hirschberg in the County court on Friday, to recover $75, judgment was given in favor of the plaintiff with costs. The action was brought about by misrepresentation by Hirschberg as agent for Doll in the sale to Marks of some $300 watches and jewelry.

A Dishonest Servant.

A couple of days since a young woman left the service of a family where she had been employed, but suspicion of her honesty had been entertained for some time previous, and when she left some household articles seemed to have left at the same time. The owner informed the authorities and afterwards proceeded to her new place of residence with a police officer. He questioned her about the truth of his suspicions, and the sight of the representative of the law being too much for her courage, she confessed her fault and restored a number of the missing articles.

Union Mining Notes.

The statement published in the Nanaimo Free Press and copied into the Times, that a Chinese strike was on at the Union mines is untrue. The Chinese are all at work there. The story that a man discharged from the Union mines was put off the train and compelled to walk to the wharf is also untrue. A gentleman, who was there at the time and came down on the steamer, states that McArdle rode down with him on the train. McArdle endeavored to drive to Comox with his team, but was compelled to return on account of fallen trees obstructing the road. He returned to the mines and boarded the train, and after stating that he wanted to go to Nanaimo, was permitted to ride. McArdle himself stated to THE COLONIST informant that the Free Press reporter either misunderstood or misrepresented him. Matters are satisfactory at the Union mines. A thorough prospect has been made of the coal seam, and it has been demonstrated that a large field of coal exists, eight feet thick, equal to the famous Wellington seam. The work will now be pushed vigorously, and the output increased.

A CLAIM TO RELATIONSHIP.

Mr. George Steitz of New Orleans Makes His Appearance.

When Mr. Frederick Steitz of this city passed away, full of years and enjoying the respect and esteem of the community of which he had long been a member it was understood that he had no nearer relatives than a brother and a sister. This is however contradicted by a gentleman signing himself George Steitz, who writes the following to THE COLONIST from New Orleans:

Law Office of Lloyd Posey,
No. 6 Carondelet Street,
New Orleans, Aug. 28.

Propts. The Colonist.

GENTLEMEN:

I have this day received your paper of August 8th, for which accept my thanks, and I would ask a further kind favor of you. It is this; I would like to have this correction made. You say that the only relations Mr. Frederick Steitz left were a brother George Steitz, and a sister Mrs. John Pelletier. This I must deny. He left a still closer relation than those. He left a wife and son, and four grandchildren; all living here in New Orleans.

Mr. George Steitz and Mrs. Pelletier know that I and my mother live in New Orleans. You can see Mr. John Dougall, who has seen all the papers belonging to my father, and also Mr. Charles Bloomfield, whom I have had communication with, and who has seen my father who acknowledged to him that I am his son.

I remain, yours truly,
GEORGE STEITZ.

THE BUSH INTERVENED

And Prevented What Might Otherwise Have Been a Serious Accident—More Care Required.

Vague reports of a shooting accident at Shawnigan reached town early yesterday afternoon, and their very vagueness gave rise to fears of something serious having occurred. The reality turns out to be a comparatively harmless affair in the end.

Circumstances show that a party was going up the line for a day's shooting, and the party was A. F. Englehart, of this city. Lieutenant Paul Hewett, of H. M.S. Champion, was on the train, and he entered into conversation with Mr. Englehart, expressing a desire to join the party. On debarking from the train sport at once commenced. The lieutenant was in front of Mr. Englehart when a grouse rose and received a welcome from the officer's gun. Then he walked ahead a little and placed some bush between himself and his newly found friend. The latter saw another bird rise and he fired, not thinking that the officer was only thirty yards in front with the bush between. Fortunately, there were several circumstances which acted against any serious result of the accident. In the first place, the cartridges were last year's loading; the bush was between, and Mr. Engelhart had fired low. The shot entered Lieut. Hewitt's thigh, and a couple struck him in the chest and groin, but did not penetrate out of sight. He walked to the railway track and Dr. Matthews was soon on the scene, but he pronounced the injuries trifling. The officer returned to Esquimalt and went to the Naval hospital, where the gunshot wounds were treated.

PERSONAL.

Supt. Pope came over from Westminster last night.

A. Melbougall, of the H. B. Co., Cassiar, is in town.

H. E. Croasdaile was a passenger by the Rithet last night.

Robert Irving returned from Port Townsend last evening.

Major Peters and son came over from the mainland last night.

Henry H. Hastings, of Gananoque, Ont., is visiting friends in town.

T. R. Smith, assistant commissioner of the Hudson's Bay Co., is in Vancouver.

J. A. Laidlaw, A. Monat and S. J. Pitts were passengers inward by the Islander last evening.

Ald. Vigelius, chairman of the Street committee, returned yesterday from a short vacation out of town.

George S. Russell, wife and family leave on Monday on a three months' visit to his old home in Boston, Mass. He will patronize the Union Pacific.

Mrs. Kerg and the Misses Kerg left by the Islander this morning for their former home in Cleveland, Ohio, where they will remain for some months.

Rev. Fiennes-Clinton, of Vancouver, who has been ill with typhoid fever, arrived down last night and will convalesce at Esquimalt. He was accompanied by his brother, Sister Frances, of St. Luke's Home, and Mrs. Childe-Freeman.

CLEANLINESS, LIKE CHARITY, SHOULD BEGIN AT HOME.

TO THE EDITOR: I was forcibly impressed with this remark of "Victorian," who wrote in your paper on Friday, "If every one would take special care of his own property there would not be such a noise about bad smells and imperfect drainage." This brings to mind the retort of the Scotch minister who was pestered by the complaints of one of the ower guid bodies of his parish, who concerned herself about the morals of her neighbors. "Janet," said he, "do you know how the streets of Jerusalem were kept clean?" The dame expressing ignorance, he said, "Because every one swept his own doorstep." Apply this anecdote to the sewerage discussion and you have a complete answer to the wild and excited statements of "F. C. S." and his coarser and more belligerent ally "Citizen." Both correspondents appear to have conceived the notion that the chief object of their creation is to traduce the city which affords them a livelihood, by holding it up as an abominably filthy and unhealthful place. "F. C. S." is general in his application, but no less untruthful than "Citizen," who points to Chinatown as an example of uncleanliness. I am not an habitue of Chinatown. I hope "Citizen" is not. I have not visited the locality for many months, but I am told by persons who have been there lately that its sanitary condition will compare very favorably with that of sewered Toronto as sketched by Dr. Canniff. In point of fact, I am confident from what I know of the energy of our health officer that there are few, if any, back premises that reek with filth in Victoria's Chinatown. As I pointed out in a previous letter, after Toronto has spent millions for sewerage, Dr. Canniff's conclusions lead me to the opinion that its much vaunted sewers are a failure and that the civic millions have been worse than thrown away, because they have been expended on a system that has introduced into many households the most deadly agent of destruction known to civilization—SEWER GAS. Montreal's experience is even worse than that of Toronto. The first named city has sewers through all its principal and many of its side streets. It, too, has spent millions for drainage. With what result? Let the Dominion Government mortuary statistics answer. In an estimated population of 210,000 the deaths in Montreal during July last were 763, or 3.77 per 1,000 of the population. Toronto, with a sewerage system, lost 1.38 in every 1,000, and Victoria, with no sewerage, lost only .84 in a population of 22,500. I think it can be shown that if the statistics dealt only with the fixed population of 22,500 that the rate would not exceed .50. But as the ablest medical men of the province have made this place their home, and as Victoria, previous to "F.C.S." and "Citizen's" crazy publications, ranked high as a health resort, the hopelessly ill from all quarters on the coast have flocked here for treatment, with the natural result: an increased death rate.

"F.C.S." refers me to the medical practitioners of the city for proof that your statement that there is less sickness this year than in previous years is incorrect. But, Mr. Editor, I submit that the reference is not satisfactory. "F.C.S." and his brother practitioners have lodged themselves behind a wall of monopoly, built up by an act of the last legislature. Dr. Williams, an English graduate and practitioner of high standing, in a letter to the British Medical Journal (which letter you republished) showed very clearly the effect of that act in limiting the number of practitioners in British Columbia. He quoted Dr. McGuigan of Vancouver as admitting that the legislation was secured with the object of keeping British practitioners out of practice here; and Dr. Milne as saying that he does not think British graduates are as capable as Canadians. I am not surprised to learn that the local doctors are weighed down by their professional duties and that as a consequence of monopolistic legislation their patients increase at a rate faster than the population. Say there were fifteen or twenty medical men in the city five years ago, when the population was 14,000, and about the same number now, when the population has risen to 22,500, each physician's practice has increased one-third, and he has become possessed of the idea that sickness has increased, because his practice has grown under the protecting influence of monopolistic legislation.

Now, to return to the sage remark of the Scotch clergyman, would it not be well for "Citizen" to look after the deposits in his own back yard before he attacks the reputation of a whole city full of people? I have visited a great many back premises in this city and, with few exceptions, can conscientiously say that they are exceptionally clean. Perhaps the writer has drawn a pen picture of his own midden and its surroundings. Is it a case of "every fox," etc., etc., or is his letter the offspring of a diseased imagination? If "Citizen," and those who agree with him, would keep their own back yards in order, there would be fewer contributions to sensational literature and less said in favor of involving the city in debt and difficulty for the purpose of carrying out pet crotchets, which, experience has shown, are altogether ineffectual in insuring the public health.

I took up my pen in defence of the good name of Victoria for cleanliness. It is a shame for the advocates of sewerage to assail her as they have done. I have visited Tacoma, Seattle, San Francisco and Portland, and there are fewer cases of malarial diseases here in proportion to the population than in either of the places named. I believe that all that are needed here are earth closets and a crematory for the disposal of garbage. But, admitting that sewerage is a prime necessity, what good object can be subserved by holding the city up to the world as abominably filthy and unhealthy? It is no wonder that tourist travel has suddenly fallen away and real estate operations are few.

RATEPAYER.

Read, Mark, Learn.

Now that the day for voting on the sewage question approaches the city government are making every effort to ensure the passage of the by-laws. They have been busy with the city lawyers every day during the past week smoothing out legal bumps in the various by-laws that are to be voted upon with the sewage. A public meeting will probably be called this week for the purpose of discussing sewerage generally. In the meantime the plan is amended by Mr. Rudolf Hering will be on view at the city surveyor's office from Tuesday next where citizens can inspect it and make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the details of the measure which is about to be placed before them to measure. A thought of the night soil being at present dumped on a farm belonging to a private individual will perhaps confirm the opinion as to the pressing necessity for a system of sewage especially when it is further borne in mind that the person in question cannot allow the proceeding to go on for ever. The Ottawa authorities have treated with grand indifference the telegrams asking for instructions as to the disposal of sewage.

Baby carriages and bird cages at Cheapside

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Choice Lots in Port Crescent
TERMS---1-2 cash, balance by instalments.

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Improved and Unimproved Lands
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Largest and Best to Select from and the Cheapest in Price
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OFFICE TO RENT—Room No. 8 Bank of B. C. Building. Apply F. Elworthy, Sec. B. C. Board of Trade.

TO LET—Two desirable furnished rooms, convenient to business. Apply "W. W.," this office. au24-6t

MRS. PALMER'S furnished house to let. 129 Fort Street.

TO LET—New cottage of six apartments, 29 South Park Street, fine situation, entrance to park, rent $16 per month. Apply immediately at house or to J. Cotton, Garesche, Green & Co. au23

TO LET—In a quiet family, a well furnished bed-room. Situation retired and yet only five minutes from the Post Office. Address "R. M.," COLONIST Office. au12-1m

ONE comfortable furnished room to rent; no other rooms; references. 162 Fort Street. jly30 1m

MEW WELLINGTON COAL AND WOOD
For sale. Office 121 Government St. Telephone call No. 39. se2 T. J. LINDSAY.

House and Lots on Kane st.
A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, cellar and outhouses complete with two full sized lots extending from Kane to Rae street. For further particulars apply to JACOB SEHL, Government st. n24

JERSEY CATTLE.
FOR SALE. Cows fresh calved and to calve, and two high class bulls (St. Lamberts). Apply 21 Government St., Victoria. a6-1m d-w

FOR SALE.
TWO Elegant Brussels Carpets, new designs, used only a few months, will be sold cheap. 68 North Park Street. au28

FOR SALE.
A BARGAIN IN REAL ESTATE.
THREE Lots in Victoria West to be obtained at a low figure. Will be sold separately if desired. Also: Lot with two storey frame store and dwelling, purchaser to buy stock of groceries at cost price. Apply to—
W. R. HIGGINS & CO.,
au20-tf White House Block, up stairs.

FOR SALE.
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, only two months in use, comprising: one dining room suite, in solid antique oak, beautifully carved and polished, cost $165; one bedroom suite in black and French walnut, carved and polished, with white marble tops, cost $90; also, wardrobe to match; one parlor suite in black walnut upholstered in olive and scarlet figured plush, artistically carved and polished, cost $85; one black walnut centre table, together with 27 yards beautiful Brusse's carpet, will be sold at a reasonable figure. All imported and of the latest design.
Inspection invited at 112 Toronto St., City.
se1-3t

FOR SALE.
A VALUABLE FARM of 650 acres and sheep run on Pender Island, 300 acres prime land, lies on the level in one block. About 100 acres cleared, part of which is under regular cultivation. A large amount of fencing has been done and the farm commands an extensive sheep run of over 3,000 acres, completely fenced off.
There is a good house, new; also barn and usual out-buildings and well stocked orchard.
This property will be sold a bargain and satisfactory reason given for owner selling.
H. E. CROASDAILE,
ag17-1m 42 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE.
A FARM OF 320 ACRES AT SPALLUMcheen, known as "Furstenan's," with buildings, outhouses, etc. This property presents an opportunity for speculators or as a valuable farming investment, being situated on the line of the Shuswap and Okanagan Railway now under construction, and will be sold either as a whole or in subdivisions of not less than 100 acres each. Tenders for the whole or subdivisions as stated will be received by the undersigned, or Mr. Henry Seydell, Spallumcheen, either of whom will give full particulars of the property and terms of sale.
JOHN J. AUSTIN,
Real Estate Agent,
my7 57 Government street, Victoria.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.
A good business chance is offered to a lady or gentleman.
The well known Hair Store, 31 Government Street, with fixtures and stock in trade, is offered for sale on the most liberal terms. The business has been established six years, and is the only one of its kind in the Province.
Parties wishing to purchase will be given every opportunity to learn the business.
Mrs. C. KOSCHE, 31 Government St., Victoria
au12-1m

FARM FOR SALE.
509 ACRES, COWICHAN DISTRICT, EXtending from half mile of McPherson Station to within quarter mile of Cowichan Wharf. Will sell the whole or part. Apply—Geo. Bartlett, Cortfield P.O., Vancouver Island.
au14

NOTICE.
A GENTLEMAN desiring to leave British Columbia, would dispose of a general store business. A good chance to invest about $7,500. Apply Drawer 18, Victoria P.O. au4-1m

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.
Real Estate Agents,
52 LANGLEY STREET.
A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE.
11 ROOMED HOUSE, SUITABLE FOR A boarding house.
ESQUIMALT ROAD PROPERTY.
27 ACRES ON GORDON HEAD ROAD.
14 ACRES ON GORDON HEAD ROAD.
FARM OF 178 ON SOMENOS LAKE.
290 ACRES ON PENDER ISLAND.
100 ACRES ON SAANICH ROAD.
LOTS—JAMES BAY, FERNWOOD Fred, Henry and Collinson Streets.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Owing to the removal to New Rooms the Library will be closed on WEDNESDAY the 10th, to be re-opened on SATURDAY the 20th Sept., in the City Hall building on Douglas street.

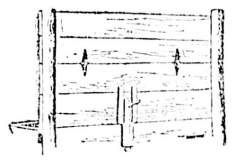
By Order of Committee.
JAS. McGREGOR,
se6-3t Librarian.

FARM AND GARDEN.

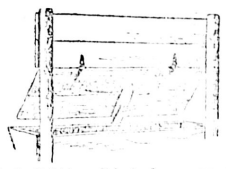
ITEMS OF INTEREST TO FARMERS AND HORITICULTURISTS.

Many Little Bits of Advice Which Will be Found Useful by Agriculturists and Breeders--Milking Made Easier--A New Hog Trough.

Any one who has fed pigs, and been annoyed by their getting into the trough while it was being cleaned out, and then after they are driven away rushing back and getting their feet in the trough just in time to have the swill poured all over their heads and much of it spilt, will appreciate the contrivance represented in our illustration, engraved from a sketch furnished by Mr. Willard F. Hallock, Middlesex Co., Conn. The trough is



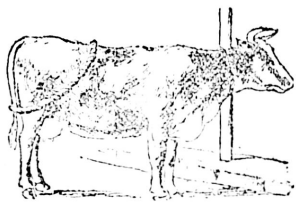
fastened inside of the pen; two boards are hinged so as to swing in over the trough. In the middle of each board is a strip fixed to slide up and down. A heavy pin in the upper end of this strip acts as a convenient handle. This strip drops down on the outside of the bottom board of the pen and holds the whole firmly in place. When the pigs



are to be fed the slide is drawn up, and with the foot the hinged boards are pressed down behind the trough, leaving the whole length of the trough clear to sweep out and pour the swill in. Mr. Pig is on the other side of the boards and must bide his time. In Fig. 1 the trough is shown as closed against the pigs, in Fig. 2, free to their access.

Device For Use in Milking.

To get the full supply of milk and cream, unvarying kindness and quietness in the stable is a requisite. With the best intentions in the world, a workman may be led into an angry exclamation, when receiving a vigorous switch in the face from the tail of the cow he is milking. A device to restrain the cow from moving her tail, and also to prevent voiding during the operation of milking, is herewith illustrated. A piece old rope, at least an inch in diameter, is cut off six feet in length for cows of ordinary size. The ends are fastened neatly together by a splice, covered with twine. This circle



MILKING MADE COMFORTABLE.

of rope is placed upon the cow as shown in the illustration. These should be one for each milker, and nails placed where they may be conveniently hung when not in use.

Do not cramp the roots of trees or plant, when replanting. Dig a hole big enough to receive the roots in their natural shape.

Destroying wormy fruit that drops is a good thing, but it is only part of the warfare that must be waged against insect enemies.

It is not thought to make much difference whether a hog's skin is clean or not, judging from general custom in feeding. But this is contrary to fact, for it has been amply demonstrated that an animal with a clean skin does not consume as much food as one not kept clean, and gives a better return for the food eaten.

Butter that is worked too much has the grain broken down and becomes grease. Tons of butter are spoiled by working it to death.

The increased production of corn, wheat and oats in the Southern States, as compared with production ten years ago, is over 230,000,000 bushels.

Turnips can be grown cheaply, and it is turnips that is the mainstay of the English flockmaster. Why can't the American flockmaster make them his reliance?

It is said that from twenty-six pounds of beans planted last spring, George Litchfields, of Verdon, Neb., harvested and thrashed thirty bushels or 1800 pounds.

Mustard yields a crop of about twenty-five bushels to the acre, which is worth from $2 to $3. Two quarts of seed to the acre is the quantity sowed. We do not know as to the certainty of the crop.

Education does more for a poor farm than fertilizers. It grows better crops and breeds better stock. What many a poor farm, with its scrawny cattle and foul acres, wants is a heavy application of brains.

The ram should have a good form and good fleece, even if he is not as large as one might wish. In other words a small ram of good form and fleece is better than a large ram without these characteristics.

The familiar green cabbage worm (Pieris rapæ) is bred by a whitish butterfly. There are two broods, one in April, one in the fall. The worm works down into the head, cutting through leaf after leaf in its search for the tenderest parts.

Do not neglect to lay in a good supply of clover hay for your poultry in winter. To feed the dried clover hay, chop it fine, in pieces less than an inch long; then steam it, add a little salt, and mix in with bran or other soft food and feed warm.

One merit of the Bartlett pear is that the windfalls can generally be ripened, even though not fully grown. One demerit is the spicy flavor of the Bartlett. But as many pear eaters do not know the Barlett, except by name, many pears are sold for Bartletts that are not Bartletts at all.

A prominent stock-breeder says: In raising colts I teach them to eat, and have them on full feed of bran and oats before they are weaned, and I can wean them at four months without any loss of flesh. I feed no corn until past 2 years old, but feed liberally with bran, carrots and oats, and all the cornfodder or clover hay that they will eat, and maintain a steady growth all winter.

With one cow that persistently started, stepped and kicked, says Mr. Crandall in the New York Tribune, it was at last discovered that she only did it when the teat was grasped high up when beginning to milk. The pressure of milk there at the time caused pain. By milking at first with but two or three fingers on the end of the teat and drawing downward so as to elongate it and relieve the pressure above the cow was got to stand perfectly quiet. This plan may mollify a number of "kickers."

There are two or three things that might profitably be done with a "worn-out orchard." It may be fertilized, it may be pruned, and if something is not done to improve it it might profitably be cut down. Don't keep it for what it has been, at any rate.

When our educational system shall be made so practical that our farmers and gardeners will be scientist, practical scientists, we shall not see so many attempts to grow crops upon soils that lacks just the particular plaint food that a particular plant must have.

As a general rule, for the hatching of chickens 21 days are required; for partridges, 24 days; for pheasants, 25 days; for guinea hens, 25 days; for common ducks, 28 days; for pea fowls, 28 days; for turkeys, 28 days; for Barbary ducks, 26 days, and for geese, 35 days.

Variation of the food promotes appetite. All animals become disgusted with a sameness of food. When food is refused tempt the animal with something else. In this manner sickness and loss of flesh may be avoided, while the cost need not be necessarily increased.

Household Brevities.

Boil clothespins in clean water once a month, and they will be much more durable.

Open canned fruit an hour or two before it is needed for use. It is far richer when the oxygen is thus restored to it.

Save the small paper bags carefully which groceries come in; they are useful in many ways. Slip the hand in one when you place the stove, and you will not soil it. When flies abound, slip them over the clean lamp chimneys during the day. After fruit is canned draw them over the cans, and label them plainly; the action of the light causes more fruit to spoil than any other one thing.

Beat an egg thoroughly in a bowl and add one teacup of cold water to it. Use enough of this to thoroughly moisten coffee when making it. Keep in a cold place, and waste no more eggs by drying.

Granulated sugar is the purest brand; consequently the cheapest. Do not use quite as much as of other kinds—one-half inch less for a cupful. Cake batter made with granulated sugar requires longer beating than usual, as the sugar is longer in dissolving.

To beat the white of eggs stiff, with easy, they should be cold, with a very small pinch of salt added.

Egg-shells are somewhat porous, and the batter and cheese absorb unpleasant odors. Therefore, eggs should be kept in a sweet, clean, cool place.

All floor and whisk brooms should be thoroughly wet in scalding hot brine before using them. It will effectually prevent the straws from breaking.

Add two tablespoonfuls of kerosene to the pail of water with which you wash grained or other varnished furniture.

Cut a piece from the top of old kid shoes and insert it inside the frost shielder you are going to make.

Make boiled starch with a weak soup made of white soap, instead of with clean water, and you will have no difficulty with its sticking.

Do not wring woolen underware through wringer. Use the hands and shake it thoroughly before drying. When perfectly dry fold it smoothly, but do not iron, for if the odor is not more agreeable than when a hot sad-iron has passed over it.

Never slice apples for making pies; quarter and core, and if an apple is large cut each quarter in two pieces.

Sift a tablespoonful of pulverized sugar over the top of two crust pies before baking, and see how delicious it makes them.

Never put tea leaves on a light colored carpet; they will surely leave a stain.

After thoroughly sweeping a dingy carpet, wipe it with a damp cloth partially wrung out of a mixture of water and ox-gall in the proportion of two tablespoonfuls of the latter to a gallon of lukewarm water.

In packing bottles or canned fruit for moving, slip a rubber band over the body of them.

A small tablespoonful of powdered borax added to a bowl of cold starch will give more stiffness to linen than any of the numerous things I have tried.

When you are hurried and a postage stamp will not stick, moisten it and rub it on the flap of an envelope, and then quickly put it in its place.

Mix stove blacking with spirits of turpentine. It will take off the rust, polish easily, and stay glossy longer than when water is used.

Add a tablespoonful of borax to a pan of hot soapsuds; put your table silver in it, and let it stand two hours. Rinse it with clear water, and polish with a soft cloth or chamois.

Warm dishes for the table by turning them in hot water, not by standing them on a hot stove.

Coffee boiled longer than one minute is coffee spoiled.—Catherine R. Johnson.

DUSTING WILL DISAPPEAR.

An Invention Which Absorbs Vermin and Dust.

We have a friend in the trade whose mind is continually running to labor saving inventions, says the Upholsterer. He has now arranged a series of fans so as to produce a suction that will draw up dust from the floors or furnishings of a house. He says that:

"The motor is simple, and one has only to put the machine in the center of the room, wind her up, then get out of the way. When in motion the dust comes from all parts of the room and is immediately sucked by the fans into a box. In two minutes it will sweep a room of ordinary size. After sweeping your floors you reverse the force, so as to have the suction come from the top instead of the bottom. Place a funnel over the machine which has a bag hose attached, then you go around your furniture. Wherever you hold the hose the dust is immediately sucked through into the box. In five minutes there is not a particle of dust to be seen around the rooms. Besides collecting the dust, this machine will collect all the insects of a house. Imagine for a moment the ceiling of your room being filled with mosquitoes. Bring in your ingenious cleaner, set the hose and draw it across the ceiling, and the mosquitoes disappear."

A Railway Under Water.

The most remarkable short line of railway in the world is probably the submerged railway at Onton, near Bilbao, described in the current part of Chambers' Journal. It runs down an evenly sloping shore in double line to a distance of 650 feet, and has been constructed by a Spanish engineer for the sole purpose of facilitating the shipment of iron ores. The only car is a massive iron tower on wheels in the shape of a pyramid rising 70 feet from the track.—London News.

Hard to Please.

Clara—I don't like Charlie Featherbrayne.

Ethel—Why not?

Clara—He's too extravagant.

Ethel—Then I suppose you like Jack Harding. He's a regular miser.

Clara—No, I don't. He's not rich enough to be extravagant.—Munsey's Weekly.

E. M. JOHNSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

ELLISTON

Is Beautifully Situate

About 5 minutes beyond the Jubilee Hospital and end of Electric Tramway.

The lots are half acres and run from $400 to $750 each, on

EASY TERMS:

One-fourth cash; one-fourth 4 months; one-fourth 8 months; one-fourth 12 months; at current rates of interest, or

10 per cent. off for Cash.

These prices are one-third of those asked for land on the Esquimalt Road for similar areas, and one-half of the Gorge Road prices.

MONEY

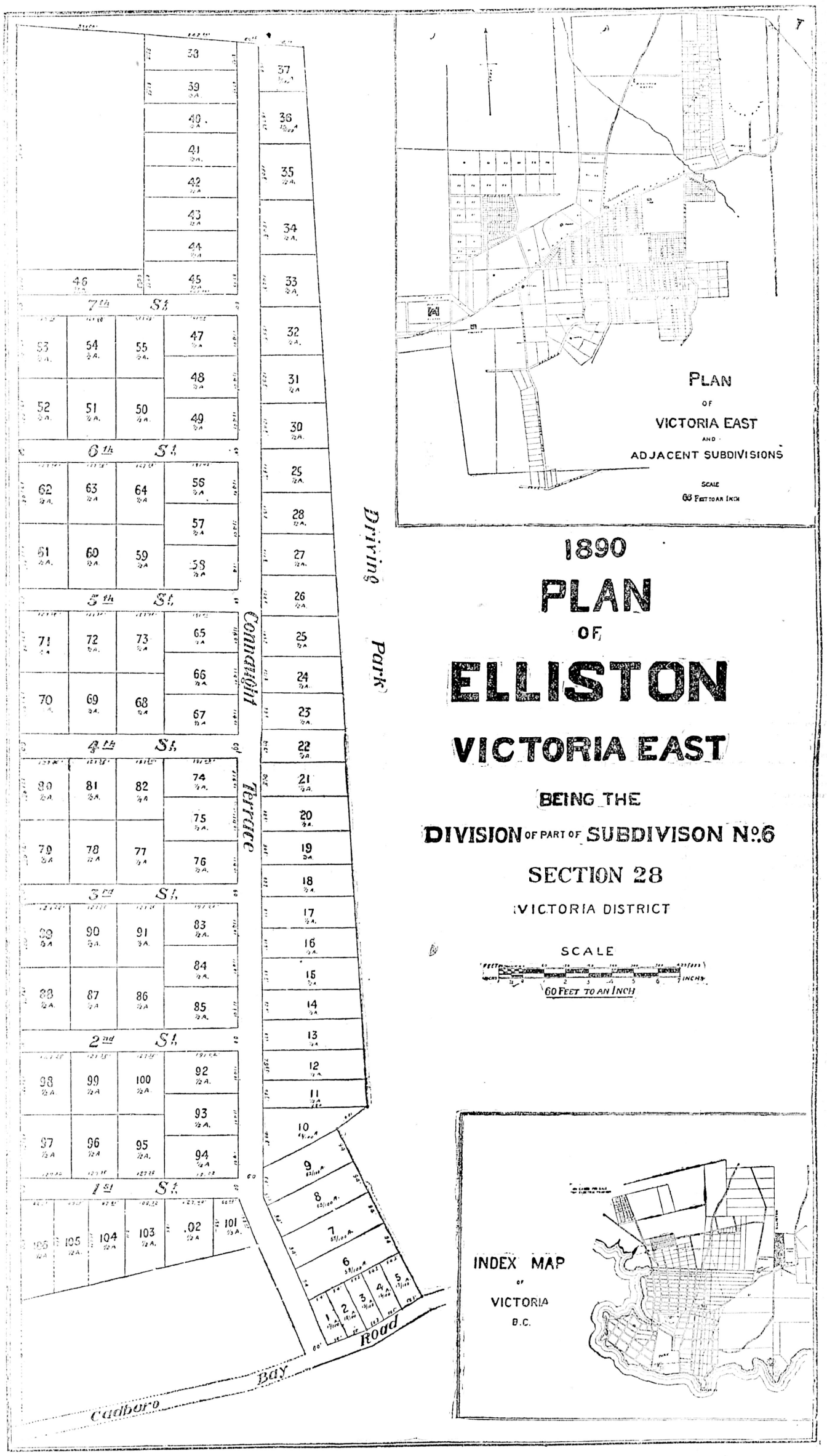
For Investment on Mortgage, at Current Rates, In Large or Small Sums.

CONVEYANCING

In all its branches.

COLLECTIONS

Promptly made and accounted for.



Large Plans and all information, at

E. M. JOHNSON'S,

37 Government Street.

HOW MILK IS MADE.

From an Address by Prof. Jas. W. Robertson at a Convention of Dairymen at Belleville Ont.

"After the very amusing address to which you have just listened, filled with sparkling gems of literary value as well as scientific instruction, I find it rather hard to know what to say, because after having your palate tickled with sweet honey, I don't think you will relish a big draught of skim milk. The programme says the meeting is to be on milk and honey." After a little pleasantry regarding the queer ways of bees, the speaker said: I am delighted to have a joint meeting of Beekeepers' Associating and the Dairymen's Association, because we have much in common for the good of our country. When in London in 1886, on behalf of the Government, I found no department attract so much attention, provoke so general interest and advertise our country so well as the display of honey. At the same time I recognized that in our line our main natural advantages arose from the fertile soil and abundance of sunshine. These two facts give me hope that this Province and Dominion will be among the most thickly populated and influential of the strongest nations. Sunshine we can boast of most. We can beat England all hollow in that respect. We therefore can have better products. The plants that the animals need the active work of the bees. They do some of the chores for dairymen. The more we help beekeepers to keep the bees the more milk we will get. If a man recognizes the holiness of labor for the good of the whole race the more he enjoys his work. He becomes a better citizen. I am to look after the dairyman and talk on "How a cow makes milk." A young man at a meeting in Lucan was asked to read a paper—an address on, "Raising a calf and keeping a bee." He dilated so long on the first part of his subject that an old Scotchman rose and said, "Gude Lord, mon, gie us some honey or sit doon." All the milk of cows is made in a most mysterious way. The elaboration is effected in two glands called the udder. These two glands lie together lengthwise of the cow's body. You can take one gland from the other without rupturing the remaining one; there is no organic or distinct division between the two quarters of each gland. The milk in the gland is elaborted from the blood, a physiological process imperfectly understood. If that be so, and doubtless it is so, it becomes necessary for every dairyman to so treat, feed, water and shelter his cow that she will have wholesome, vigorous blood coursing in her veins. If the nervous system be deranged, then the milk pertains to a low quality. The blood from which the milk is formed enters the glands by two large arteries. Alongside the arteries runs a large vein and nervous cord.

Numerous ducts rise from the milk cisterns at the top of the teats; they spread through the whole structure of the udder. A small portion of the blood exudes or percolates through the membrane that lines these ducts and becomes milk. Beginning from the bottom of the teat, there is an opening which stays closed without any effort on the part of the animal, therefore the milk does not leak. If this muscle relaxes the milk will drop out. At the top of the teat there is another valve over which the cow exercises some control. She can close it and hold the milk above that valve; then a man may tug all he likes and get nothing while the cow holds up her milk. When the cow has this valve closed it is mainly owing to undue excitement. When the cow is much excited the lack of nervous equilibrium will make her close this valve and shut off the milk flow. Sometimes if the cows and the dog try races for home, when the cow is beaten by the dog she becomes excited and holds up her milk.

There are a great many tiny cells on the ultimate follicles of the milk ducts. They are so small that if you measure a row of them not one inch in length, you will find 3,000 or 5,000 of them. They each grow a bud; that bud grows larger and larger until it becomes a globule; and these globules constitute the fat of the milk. These tiny globules drop and trickle down inside these milk tubes and come with the rest of the milk. The last milk is richer than the first. Some men consider it to be an honest transaction to give factory men the first fruits of the cow and to keep the last part for the coffee. The law of last session is, a person found guilty of these tricks, adding water, removing cream, holding back strippings, sending in impure milk shall be liable to a severe penalty. I would like to see that law made imperative for the punishment of a great sinners, that the rest might be kept righteous. It is within the province of the Dominion Dairymen's Association, of which a convention is to be held, to look after these sinners for the good of the land. I think I'll say something on that point; I shall help, to look after these right down on the deeds of the good of the rest who makes honest milk. These fat globules are represented here on this chart. There are ordinarily about 1,000,000,000 of these globules in a cubic inch of milk. I drop the remark that there is nothing made in vain in this world. There is no man made in vain in this world; every man has his little or big job to do in life. The man who had the job of counting these globules, without serious thought, would count them one by one. If he spent his lifetime at that, he would require over fifty years' constant application and then not get a very accurate account. If a man would first apply himself with his head, and discover the best way to do his work, he could do it in a scientific way, for 1,000,000,000 could be counted safely by a few hour's effort. Otherwise he might spend fifty years doing what he might do in a few hours. The possible saving of time in this job by thoughtfulness might be forty nine odd years; we are always going hand first, back first, instead of head first. Think how to do things, and then do them in the best way—head first.

OCEAN'S UNDERTOW.

It Is Not a Mystery, But a Very Simple Matter.

Frequenters of the seashore learn to speak of the "undertow," says Duffield Osborne in Scribner, as though it were some mysterious force working from the recesses of a treacherous ocean to draw unwary bathers to their doom. As a matter of fact, its presence is obviously natural, and the explanation of it more than simple. As each wave rolls in and breaks upon the beach the volume of water which it carries does not remain there and sink into the sand; it flows back again, and, as the succeeding wave breaks over it, the receding one forms an undercurrent flowing outward of strength proportionate to the body of water contained in each breaker, and, again, proportionate in a great measure to the depth of the ditch.

Where this latter is an appreciable depression, it can be readily seen that the water of receding waves will flow into it with similar effect to that water going over a fall, and that a person standing near is very likely to be drawn over with it, and thus, if the ditch is deep enough, carried out of his depth. That is all there is to the much-talk-of "undertow" and the numerous accidents laid to its account.

Seasickness for a Cent.

At the Neuilly Fair in Paris the ladies have, among many devices for fun and money, a swinging boat in which a very good imitation of real mal de mer may be got up for the modest sum of 1 cent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Portland Business College,

PORTLAND, OREGON. A. P. ARMSTRONG, PRINCIPAL.

Established 1866. OLDEST, LARGEST AND BEST Incorporated 1889.

Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Telegraphic and English Departments. Day and Evening Sessions. Students admitted at any time. Write for Catalogue.

FURNITURE

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

Antique oak bedroom suits, latest styles.

Antique oak and walnut chiffoniers, sideboards, hall racks, centre tables, extension tables, library tables, music cabinets, shaving stands, ladies combination secretary bookcases, etc.

Bamboo furniture, novelties in brackets, tea tables, fire screens, cabinets, chairs, easels, childs' beds, umbrella stands, towel stands, whatnots, etc,

Large new line of room mouldings.

Large new line of reed and rattan goods.

FALL STOCK OF CARPETS NOW ARRIVING.

Largest Showrooms in the Province.

JOHN WEILER, - - VICTORIA, B. C.

SHOWROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST. | FACTORY: HUMBOLDT ST.

dec 22-12m

SEE OUR $3.00 BOOT

LACED AND ELASTIC SIDES.

BEST VALUE

—IN THE—

DOMINION

AT ERSKINE'S BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

132 Government street, corner Johnson.

m23-dw-1y

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

—Have Just Received Their Fall Supply of—

Threshers, Threshing Engines,

Sweep and Tread Powers,

ALL SIZES.

SEND FOR PRICES AND PARTICULARS.

P. O. BOX 86, mar21 VICTORIA, B. C.

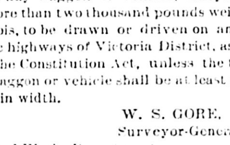
NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that after the first day of October next it will be unlawful for any waggon or vehicle, carrying a load of more than two thousand pounds weight, avoirdupois, to be drawn or driven on any of the public highways of Victoria District, as defined by the Constitution Act, unless the tires of such waggon or vehicle shall be at least four (4) inches in width.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C. Aug. 9, 1890. au10



NOTICE

A COURT OF ASSIZE AND NISI PRIUS, and of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, will be held, under the provision of section 26 of the "Supreme Court Act," at Victoria on Wednesday, the 24th day of September, instant.

By Command.

JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
2nd September, 1890. se3-td

NOTICE

BRIDGE CLOSED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, THE bridge over the ravine on the Burnside Road will be closed from traffic during repairs, from this date until further notice.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 2nd Sept., 1890. se3

W. E. DEVEREUX & CO.,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

OFFICE:

Over C. E. Redfern's Jewelry Store, Government Street. se3

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

IF YOU WANT Artificial Teeth to give you entire satisfaction you must inspect sample set of improved made by DR. HARTMAN,

jly15-12m 61 Government Street.

BUY BEFORE THE RISE!

WE OFFER EASY TERMS.

RICHMOND-:-AVENUE,

Cadboro Bay Road,

7 minutes walk from the tram. 23 lots 60 x 140, $250 each; ⅓ cash, bal. 3 and 6 mos.

FOUL BAY ROAD,

8 minutes walk from tram. 24 lots 50 x 125 easy terms.

36 LOTS,

Craigflower Road frontage,

(Next Belton Avenue.)

Opposite the property purchased by the late Robt. Dunsmuir, commanding a magnificent view of Arm, within 7 minutes walk of the proposed tram to Esquimalt.

Terms, ¼ cash balance 4, 8 and 12 months.

Acres,

Residences,

and Lots,

In all parts of the city.

Farms within easy reach of town. Call and inspect our lists.

FLINT & WILLIAMS,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

P. O. Box 468. 30 Fort street.

Open Saturday evenings from 7:30 to 9:30.

ap10-12mo

In the Matter of JAMES WARD, Deceased.

—AND—

In the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, dated the 12th day of August, 1890, it was ordered that I, William Monteith, should be administrator of all and singular, the goods, chattels and credits of James Ward, late of the City of Victoria, deceased.

And notice is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the said deceased, are hereby required to send to me, the undersigned, particulars, in writing, of said claims on or before the 12th day of October, 1890.

Dated Victoria, 12th August, 1890.

WM. MONTEITH,
au14-1m Official Administrator.

NOTICES.

MUNICIPAL.

To Owners of Real Estate.

Assessment notices have this day been mailed to all Owners of Real Estate in Victoria City.

In all cases where the numbers of the houses could be obtained from the Directory, the notices have been so addressed.

To prevent any mistakes, all parties are requested to call at the Post Office who do not receive their letters at their place of abode or business.

W. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

au19-2w

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT from and after the 10th day of July next, all parties whose properties have sewerage connection with the Johnson Street Ravine, will be prosecuted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Hall, June 30th, 1890. jly1-tf

A BY-LAW

To enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $300,000 for Sewerage Purposes.

AND Whereas, it is expedient to raise the sum of $300,000 for the purpose of constructing a general system of sewerage works for the benefit of the City of Victoria.

And whereas, for the purposes aforesaid it will be necessary to raise by way of loan, upon the credit of said Corporation the sum of $300,000.

And whereas, it will require the sum of $11,659.65 to be raised annually by special rate, for the payment of said debt and interest as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas, the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1889, was $8,948,903, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from any stock, shares or interest in the work upon which the money so to be raised or any part thereof, is intended to be invested, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investment of the sinking fund or any part thereof.

And whereas for the saying of interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal sum of $11,659.65 and interest as hereinafter mentioned, it will require an equal annual rate of 164-1000 of one per cent. in the dollar.

And whereas it is the intention of the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria that three persons, to be called Commissioners of Sewerage, shall be appointed to superintend the construction and erection of such sewerage works, and confirm all disbursements and outlays in connection therewith.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria for the purpose aforesaid, to borrow or raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of $300,000, and cause the same to be paid to the Treasurer of the said Corporation, and in respect thereof for the said Mayor to issue debentures of the said Corporation to the amount of $300,000, in sums of not less than £200 sterling, or its equivalent, each payable at the end of fifty years from the date on which this By-law takes effect, and to bear interest at the rate of four per cent per annum, payable half yearly, on the 20th day of May and on the 20th day of November in each and every year during the currency of the said debentures.

2. The said debentures, as to principal and interest, shall be payable at the office of the Bank of British North America in London, England, New York City, New York State, United States of America, or Victoria, Province of British Columbia, Canada.

3. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, and he is hereby authorized and instructed to sign and issue the said debentures hereby authorized to be issued. The Clerk of the said Corporation is hereby authorized and instructed to attach the seal of the said Corporation to the said debentures after such signing by the Mayor.

4. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and the interest at the rate aforesaid to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 164-1000 of one per cent. in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be levied, raised and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the said Corporation during the continuance of the said debentures, or any of them.

5. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1889, and amending Acts.

This By-Law shall take effect on the 20th day of November, 1890.

This By-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council this 6th day of August, A.D. 1890.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall, for Johnson Street Ward, and at the Hook and Ladder House, Government Street, for James Bay Ward, on the 18th day of September next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

au19

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Sale of Part of Lot 423, Block 2, Victoria City.

WHEREAS the premises known as the Deluge Fire Engine House and the Tiger Fire Engine House, both situate in the City of Victoria, are in too close proximity to each other for the best protection from fire of the said City;

And whereas it has been found expedient to dispose of the premises known as the Deluge Fire Engine House and the Lot of land upon which the same is erected:

And whereas it is the intention of the Corporation of said city to purchase other land and premises at some more advantageous and useful position or positions in said City, and to use the proceeds of the sale of said Deluge Fire Engine House and premises in the purchase of the said other land and premises and the erection and establishment thereon of other fire engine stations.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. That the Clerk of the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria be, and he is hereby authorized to sell on behalf of the Corporation of the said City of Victoria the buildings and premises known as the Deluge Fire Engine House and the Lot of Land upon which the same is erected, being part of Lot 423, Block 2, of the City of Victoria.

2. That the said Clerk do advertise for tenders for the said land and hereditaments, and that the price at which the same are sold shall be first approved by the Municipal Council of the said City.

This By-law may be cited as the Deluge Fire Engine Sale By-law.

Passed the Municipal Council the 18th day of August, A.D. 1890.

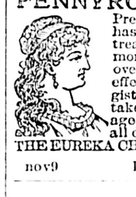
Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward, and at the Hook and Ladder House, Government Street, for James Bay Ward, on the 18th day of September next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

au19

MEDICAL.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

nov9 LANGLEY & CO., Agents.

HAGYARD'S

"YELLOW OIL"

Cures Rheumatism.

Freeman's Worm Powders

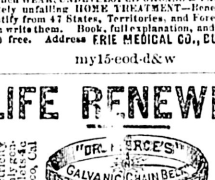
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

my15-eod-d&w

LIFE RENEWER!



The Only RUPTURE REMEDY that will cure is Electricity. Dr. Pierce's is the only genuine Electric Truss in the world. Sealed Pamphlets &c. M. E. T. Co., 704 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.

"GALVANIC PILES APPLIER" An Instrument for Home treatment. Cures All Diseases of the Rectum. New Invention! Send 2c for Pamphlet No. 3. Address M. E. T. Co., 704 Sacramento St., San Francisco, California.

DR. PIERCE'S New BODY BATTERY with Electric Suspensory for Men, is far superior to all others, and gives a current which can be INSTANTLY FELT BY THE WEARER. This BELT will POSITIVELY CURE without medicine-Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Liver and Kidneys, Female Weakness, Impotency, Lack of Power, etc. For full particulars call or send stamp for Sealed Pamphlet No. 2. Address:

mar15-eod-1yrdw

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of errors, early decay, wasting weakness, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

nov9-d&w

NOTICE!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Shooting over the property of the Prevost Island Game Club, on Prevost Island, is strictly preserved, and all trespassers will be prosecuted. au20-1m

FURS, ROBES.

Bear, Lynx, Mountain Goat, Marmozet, Buffalo Robes, and Robes of all kinds and descriptions to be seen at

KIRSCHBERG & LANDSBERG'S,

57 JOHNSON STREET,

Headquarters for Indian Curios

GUNS AND AMMUNITION.

dec7-1yr

FRUIT -:- FARM

FOR SALE.

173 ACRES

—ADJOINING—

Dom. Gov't Experimental Farm

—AT—

AGASSIZ, B. C.

70 ACRES cleared and under cultivation good house, barns, etc.; all fenced and ditched. Best land for fruit growing in B. C. Cheap and on easy terms. Will be sold in lots if desired. Apply to

J. A. HEALY & CO.,

Real Estate Brokers, Vancouver, B.

aug15

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 12

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday. May 1st, 1890. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 5. Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays, Sundays, Mondays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays, Sundays, Mondays.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.
	P.M. Ar 8.40	P.M. Ar 12.21	VICTORIA	A.M. De 8.00	P.M. De 3.08	
	" 8.36	" 12.20	RUSSELL'S, Vic. W	" 8.04	" 3.12	
	" 8.26	" 12.10	ESQUIMALT	" 8.11	" 3.22	
	" 8.01	A.M. " 11.45	GOLDSTREAM	" 8.39	" 3.47	
	" 7.06	" 10.50	SHAWNIGAN L'E	" 9.24	" 4.12	
	" 6.56	" 10.40	COBBLE HILL	" 9.41	" 4.32	
	" 6.41	" 10.27	McPHERSON'S	" 9.57	" 5.05	
	" 6.31	" 10.17	KOKSILAH	" 10.07	" 5.17	
	" 6.26	" 10.12	DUNCAN'S	" 10.12	" 5.22	
	" 6.16	" 10.02	SOMENOS	" 10.22	" 5.32	
	" 5.51	" 9.38	CHEMAINUS	" 10.48	" 5.54	
P.M. Ar 7.30	" 4.56	De 8.31 / Ar 8.25	NANAIMO	Ar 11.50 / De 11.59	" 6.32	P.M. De 10.15
De 7.15	De 4.41	De 8.10	WELLINGTON	P.M. Ar 12.15	Ar 7.07	Ar. 10.30

On Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR,
my29 Gen. Freight and Passenger Ag't

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y.

The Only Transcontinental Line Running Solid Trains from

Pacific to Atlantic Coast

—CONSISTING OF—

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleeping Cars—the latter free.

THROUGH TRAINS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in United States and Canada.

Can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.

PASSENGERS BOOKED

To and From All European Points!

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

A. CAMERON,
Freight and Pass. Agent.

D. E. BROWN, Gov't St., Victoria, B.C.
Asst. Gen'l Fr't & Pass. Ag't,
Vancouver. 6-23

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take!

To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO

(NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed,

Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers.

Of Latest Equipment.

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.

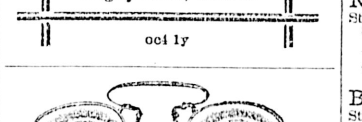
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., corner Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Langley Street, Victoria.

oc1 1y



S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST. one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight; also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

C. P. N. CO. LIMITED.

S.S. ISLANDER

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA ON

15th SEPTEMBER,

For all Ports North as far as

NAAS AND MASSETT, QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLAND.

This trip furnishes a splendid opportunity for 10 or 12 days holiday amongst the finest scenery in the country.

Fare is placed at the low rate of $30 for round trip.

au23 JNO. IRVING, Manager.

Columbia and Kootenay Steam Navigation Co., Ld.

THE STEAMER

LYTTON

WILL LEAVE REVELSTOKE EVERY

Monday and Thursday at 4 a. m.

—FOR—

SPROAT & LITTLE DALLES

Connecting at the latter point with the Spokane & Northern R'y Co. Returning, will leave LITTLE DALLES every

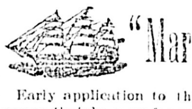
Tuesday and Friday at 9 a. m.

se3 J. A. MARA,
Revelstoke, Sept. 1, 1890. Manager.

NOW LOADING IN

LONDON for VICTORIA

BRITISH IRON BARQUE (100 A1 Lloyds)



"Martha Fisher."

Early application to the undersigned will secure Freight room for orders by mail.

ROBERT WARD & CO.

Wharf Street, Victoria, Aug. 26, 1890.
au28-10t

Notice to Consignees.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S

—SHIP—

"TITANIA,"

CAPT. DUNN,

Will commence discharging freight at the Company's Wharf, Victoria Harbor, on Friday next the 5th instant.

Consignees are requested to call at the Company's Office, pay freight and receive orders for their goods.

All merchandise left on the wharf after 4 o'clock each day will be stored by the Company at the risk and expense of the owners.

For the Hudson's Bay Company,
THOMAS R. SMITH,
se4-2w Assistant Commissioner.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S

—SHIP—

"Titania,"

From London.

Neither the Hudson's Bay Company nor Captain Dunn will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above-named vessel.

For the Hudson's Bay Company,
THOS. R. SMITH,
se3-2w Assistant Commissioner.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11a.m. City of Puebla, - 6th September

R. P. RITHET & CO.,
mar26 Agents.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER,
Master.

On and after November 19th, 1889,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 7.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited.)

Time Table No. 13, takes effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 3 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 11:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route:

Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Albern and Sound Ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route:

Steamer RAINBOW leaves every Tuesday at 7 a. m. for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. jy25

THE OCEAN TERMINUS OF THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

PORT ⁘ CRESCENT.

A FEW UNDENIABLE FACTS:

President T. F. Oakes says the Victoria, Port Crescent and Chehalis Railway will be completed by the 31st December, 1891. This will make Port Crescent the terminus of the strongest corporation on the American Continent. Work on the breakwater will commence immediately and will be completed during next year; the Harbor will then accommodate 120 ships, allowing one cable (see Minard on Harbors) to each large merchant vessel in which to swing, not including twice that number which might be tied up to wharves. Port Crescent will then be possessed of one of the best harbors on the coast.

The soundings on the Company's Map are guaranteed to be correct.

More than 3,000,000 acres of the richest land in the State of Washington, lying to the West and Southwest, are directly tributary to Port Crescent.

It is confidently predicted that in ten years the population of Port Crescent will rival that of Tacoma and Seattle combined.

We strongly recommend to our friends and the public generally the advisability of securing a few lots at present prices. Lots, that to-day can be bought for hundreds, will be worth in a few months as many thousands. We have a limited number of choice lots at present on sale.

Apply **LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.**

je13

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1890.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—H Russell and wife, G H Appleton, C J Brenton, Miss Newton, Miss Lobec, O C Mering and wife, A Meiss, Miss Russell, F W Whiting, Mr Fish, T Carrie, L H Fielding, W I Kenna, Mis McFaddon, J R Bannerman, L Betz, J N Baglew, J Fraser, F P Whitney, Mrs Ashton, A W Brainard, F Barker, J W Church, C E Peabody, M C Isaacs, C Johnson, D J Staples and wife, Miss Thomas, A F Hall, H B Carter, A Erho, C Reid.

Per Steamer Olympian from the Sound—Thos Riggs and wife, Miss Riggs, Thos Riggs Jr, Miss Ayer, J Starkie, F H Garvin, Jno Miller, J E Griffin, A W Tobin, Miss Tobin, T H Tyndale and wife, A Legg, W S Barne, J W Reed, F Sharpe, Mrs Humphinstall, Wm Walton, M Green, Jno Peabody, Jno Haley, Mrs G G Boggs, F W King, H S Sharpe, R Irving, Mrs Ireland, Mrs F Holt, Mrs B F McCoy, H Steinell, H Grant, D McCoy, C Dinges, Anna Dinges, J Carothers, Mrs W P Lindley, F Alderly and wife, A Black, J G Gray, A Daul, P Murray, H Brown, J Smith, D McKenny, B F Adams, J F Quaid, J Davis, wife and son, N Erennis, J M Hammond, Miss Hammond, one Chinese.

Per Steamer Islander, from Vancouver—Mrs Aron, J Clark, B T Uplin, Jas A Laidlaw, A Mouat, Miss Agnes Knox, R Gibson, John Hall and wife, F M York, D L Newlin, G D Robertson, R Munro, R A McLean, S J Pitts, M Cleland, W Muth, Capt H G Lewis, Thos Elliott, Capt Babbington, R Collister, R C Carson.

Per Steamer Rithet from Westminster—Miss Collinson, Major Peters and son, H E Croasdaile, Supt Pope, W P Collinson, M Collinson, G Warwick, G A Keefer, D Sutherland, J Heils.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—Kennedy Bros, W Stichnott, J H Todd & Son, M Cohn, J Sehl, D E Campbell, McQuade & Son.

Per C. P. R. and Steamer Islander.—Order Coll In Rev, A Gregg & Son, W J Jeffree, Jno Fullerton, Jno Weiler, G Powell & Co, Shore & Anderson, Est W J Jeffree, J McCallum, Lenz & Leiser, B Williams & Co, Carne & Munsie, Nicholles & Renouf, P McQuade & Son, A B Erskine, Mrs W Bickford, Simon Leiser, Turner, Beeton & Co, Hudson Bay Co, Hugh Calwell, Dom Express Co.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

INWARDS.

Str. City of Kingston	from	Port Townsend.
" Olympian	"	"
" City of Puebla	"	"
" Islander	"	Vancouver.
Stm. schr. Lucy Lowe	"	Port Townsend.
Schr. Annie C. Moore	"	North Pacific.
Slp. Lizzie	"	Coastwise.
Str. R. P. Rithet	"	Westminster.

OUTWARDS.

Str. Islander	for	Vancouver.
Stm. schr. Lucy Lowe	"	Port Townsend.
Str. Olympian	"	"
" City of Kingston	"	"
" City of Puebla	"	San Francisco.
" R. P. Rithet	"	Westminster.
" Emma	"	Coastwise.
" Louise	"	Fort Simpson.
Slp. Lizzie	"	Coastwise.

LOCAL.

Steamer City of Puebla departed for San Francisco yesterday, with profitable passenger and freight lists.

Steamer Standard, which recently came down from the north, has all the local business she can handle, and will be employed in and around Victoria for several months.

Steamer Chieftain will soon be ready for service. Her trial trip takes place some day next week.

Steamer Yosemite is at Spratt's wharf preparing for the Victoria-Vancouver route.

Steamer Alert is returning safely from Tacoma, whither she took a cargo of giant powder Wednesday. She encountered rough weather, but came through all O. K.

Steamer Princess Louise left for the Naas and Skeena last evening, with a light freight list and few passengers. Messrs. Hall, Draney and Demuster went up.

Sealing schooner Annie C. Moore came in under sail yesterday afternoon.

Four tenders were received for the construction of a new steamer for the H. B. Co., for service on the Skeena. The contract will probably be awarded very shortly and the boat launched in the spring.

Ship Jeremiah Thomson passed up yesterday in tow of tug Pioneer.

Tug Lorne towed the ship Edward O'Brien from sea to Nanaimo, Friday, for coal. She came back light and went into port for inspection and overhauling. She will be ready for sea again in a day or so.

The steamer George W. Elder will go to San Francisco on her arrival here from Alaska, next week. She is to be taken off the Alaska route and used as a freight steamer between Portland and San Francisco by the Union Pacific company. The Mexico will take the Elder's route to Alaska.

Steamer City of Topeka called at the Outer wharf late last night on her way to Alaska. She had very few passengers and hardly any freight.

FREIGHT AND TRADE.

American ship Alden Besse, now bound here from Honolulu, has a full cargo of raw sugar for the Vancouver refinery.

Last night's Rithet brought 1,400 cases of Fraser river salmon to go east over the N. P. R.

All the cargo now discharging out of the clipper ship Titania is in remarkably good condition.

Steamer schooner Lucy Lowe loaded 700 barrels of lime for Port Townsend at Esquimalt, yesterday.

Steamer City of Kingston, last evening, brought in a carload of bacon and a carload of general merchandise.

Purses and fancy goods at Daley's.

Gaskell's Compendium of Forms at Daley's.

Palliser's Modern Architecture, $1, at Daley's.

"Wonders of Alaska" at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

Webster's dictionary, latest edition, for sale at reduced rates by T. N. Hibben & Co.

LITTLE LOCALS.

The recent storm covered the Comox road with fallen trees.

H. T. Porter, telegraph operator at Cobble Hill, is in the city.

Steamer Emma took a shooting party of Victoria boys to Sooke last evening. They will be back to-morrow.

The trustees of the New Eureka Silver Mining Co. will meet at their office, 48 Langley street, on the 17th inst.

Razors in cases, ladies companions, a new line of pocket cutlery and shaving materials, just arrived, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

The two faces that appeared in the Police court dock yesterday were those of men who had once been drunk, but had got sober under the protecting wings of the law. They paid $5 each for the privilege.

On Thursday night, during the gale, one of the big oaks which grew in the vacant space near Roccabella split in two, the limb which was cut off constituting in itself a tree of considerable proportions.

Tea and Dinner Sets, Chamber Sets, and other goods just opened at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas Street.

Prof. Gentry and his wonderful ponies and dogs bade farewell to many well pleased friends in this city at the evening performance at The Victoria yesterday.

Under the supervision of one of the Pacific Postal's San Francisco staff, the Dungeness cable is now to be thoroughly repaired.

Some very fine antique oak bedroom suites, sideboards, etc., at John Weiler's.

Mr. S. J. Pitts was the purchaser yesterday of the lot at the northwest corner of Yates and Quadra streets; price $5,0[illegible]. The general opinion is that the purchaser got a rare bargain.

The sailors of the Triumph, Sapphire and Mary Taylor were all paid off and discharged yesterday. To a man all grumbled at the season's luck.

Personal.—Miss E. C. Donnelly, fashionable modiste, returned by last steamer, and will on Monday next be pleased to see all her old friends, and as many new ones as may favor her with a call, at the the Lansdowne House, Yates Street. Satisfaction guaranteed in every particular.

Tenders have been invited by Mr. John Teague, architect, for the erection of a three-story brick block on Yates street for Messrs. Allsop & Mason.

The Fraser River Gold Gravel syndicate's raft was totally wrecked at Yale at 5 o'clock Friday evening. The boiler sank and the raft has gone down stream. No lives were lost. The loss is about $15,000.

Do not mop the floor with your hands when you can buy a self-wringing mop at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas Street.

H. M. S. Amphion is still at Vancouver. The Japanese consul paid the ship an official visit on Friday.

The next venture in the field of journalism will be a weekly paper at Chilliwack, called the Provincial Progress. It will make its first appearance next month.

Bird cages in variety at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas Street.

The Calgary cricket team will leave for the coast about the 20th inst. The following matches have been arranged: At Victoria on the 23rd, at New Westminster on the 25th, and at Vancouver on the 27th.

Another carload of stoves at Geo. Powell & Co.'s, Cheapside.

Capt. Lewis, agent of the marine and fisheries, has inspected the lighthouse at Brockton Point, tested the bell and placed Mr. W. D. Jones in charge.

Unique music cabinets, ladies' secretaries, tea tables, shaving stands, etc., at John Weiler's.

Shortly before 6 o'clock last evening, the horse of Mr. J. H. Todd reared on James Bay bridge on the approach of a tram-car. The wheel of the phaeton was forced against a post and the axle of the vehicle broken. Mrs. Todd and the children got out safely and the horse was secured before any further damage was done.

Artistic novelties in bamboo furniture, just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street.

George Langham was buried in a fall of coal in the Smithfield mine on Thursday evening and fatally injured. He leaves a wife and two sons to mourn his sad death.

The C. P. R. are selling excursion tickets to Banff and return at $35. These tickets are limited to 60 days and allow passengers the privilege of stopping off at Harrison Hot Springs, Glacier and Field. A. Cameron, agent.

A PLAN THAT IS FEASIBLE.

How an Opposition Telegraph Service Can be Introduced via Port Crescent and Becher Bay.

A very feasible plan for providing Victoria with increased telegraphic facilities is now under the serious consideration of the Northern Pacific, the Western Union and the G. N. W. Telegraph company. It is to unite Port Crescent and Victoria by wire, the Western Union line already reaching Port Crescent. A cable from that point to Becher Bay would only require to be about eleven miles in length and would find a good sandy bottom all the way, with safe mud entrances to the terminal points. From Becher Bay to Victoria would be run on ordinary wire, and thus by laying eleven miles of cable and stringing ten miles of common wire, this city would at last be given a rival telegraph service to the C. P. R.'s, which would, no doubt, have the effect of greatly improving the efficiency of the latter in its every department.

Mr. Spofford, of the Northern Pacific, when here recently, had his attention directed to the merits of the plan referred to, and he promised immediately on his return to New York to consult with the heads of the Western Union in regard to it. It is thought that permission to land the cable could easily be obtained now from the government, and that there is really nothing in the way of the project being speedily carried to completion. The portion of the route which it is proposed to cable contains no physical disadvantages such as are continually getting the Dungeness wire into trouble—sharp and jagged rocks which, quicker than anything else, destroy the working wires.

THE LABOR DEMONSTRATION.

Vancouver in Holiday Attire—A Monster Procession of Trades Organizations—Appropriate Speeches.

Vancouver, Sept. 6.—The labor demonstration to-day was a grand success. The city was in holiday attire. The procession was over half a mile long, and was headed by the military band from New Westminster. Appropriate speeches were made by prominent members of the various labor organizations.

SHOWN BY THE TEST.

Several Points in the Condition of the Victoria Water Works Brought Out Yesterday.

By advertisements in the local papers it has been announced for several days that the water would be turned off the 12-inch main at Swan Lake on Saturday, the 6th inst. This was done at 4 a.m. yesterday, but it was found that the spindle, gland, &c. were out at the valve. Such being the case, the water coming in by the 16-inch main passed through the city distributing pipes, and also through the 12-inch main, to make its escape at Swan Lake valve, where a new spindle was put in during the morning. Besides flooding a small area of land at Swan Lake, the "test" had the effect of destroying for the time the pressure of the 16-inch main, by draining the pipes in town. Although the city hall guage is upon the 12-inch main, and to reach it the water yesterday had to pass in by the 16-in. and several miles of service pipes, enduring a necessarily great amount of pipe friction, yet the pressure was but very slightly reduced.

The 16-inch main alone supplied all east of Cook street with water, whereas a week ago that section of the city was entirely without water when the 12-inch was depended upon for the supply. Yesterday's test showed a considerable loss by pipe friction in the small pipes coming down. The water was being delivered at an elevation of 145 above H. W. M. on Pandora Hill by gravity, while the City Hall guage only showed 115 feet above H. W. M. The greatest consumption being in this lower part of the city, these small pipes are shown by the test to be inadequate to meet the demands made upon them.

MARRIED.

Staples-Parsell—At Victoria, B. C., 2nd Sept., by the Rev. C. Watson, Miss Aggie Staples, of Paterboro, Ont., to Mr. David Parsell, of Toronto.

DEATH.

Bulman—In this city on the 5th instant, John Bulman, a native of Durham, England, aged 69 years.

The funeral will take place TO-DAY (Sunday) at 2 o'clock from the family residence 281 Johnson Street, and at 2:30 p. m. from Christ Church Cathedral. Friends are invited to attend.

Lockhart—In this city on the 6th inst., Verna Marguerite, infant daughter of C. B. Lockhart, aged 4 weeks.

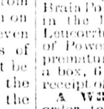
The funeral will take place to-morrow at 2:30 p. m. from the parents residence, 167 Johnson street.

Marshall—In this city, on the 6th instant, Frederick Chas. Marshall, a native of Woodbridge, England, aged 41 years.

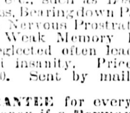
The funeral will take place to-day (Sunday) at 4:15 p.m., from Hayward's Undertaking Parlors, Government street, and at 4:30 from the Reformed Episcopal Church.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure **APHRODITINE** or money refunded.



Is Sold on POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the



excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing-down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a **Permanent** cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by Aphroditine. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY
COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
fno25-dw-ly Sole Agent for Victoria.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BENNETT & BURNS
SAIL, TENT and AWNING MAKERS
NO. 6 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
se19m

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, carrying on business as potters, in this city, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, J. W. Keller retiring from the business, which will be conducted by S. C. Burris from date, by whom all liabilities are assumed and to whom all accounts are payable.

J. W. KELLER,
S. C. BURRIS.
Victoria, B.C., Sept. 3rd, 1890. se4

SALT FISH

Prime Blood-Red Salmon Bellies from Naas River, in Kits and Half-Bbls.
Oolachans, Naas River, first run, full roed, in Kits and Half-Bbls., Salted and Smoked.
Black Cod, Prime, in Half-Bbls.
Labrador Herrings, in Half-Bbls.
Eastern Codfish, very fine, whole fish.
Crystal Wave Boneless Cod.

—FOR SALE BY—
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 and 41, JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA.
se4-12m

DR. LEWIS HALL,
DENTIST,
GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.
Special attention given to frail and diseased teeth. Gas and ether given, for painless extraction of teeth.
CRAFT & NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLAS ST.
Residence, No. 45 Second st., Work Estate.
Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

EARLY FALL MILLINERY.
FIRST SELECTIONS.

New Lines in Feathers and Flowers
Ladies' Dress Caps, New Styles.
—Very Fine assortment of—
Evening Flowers and Ornaments
—Latest Novelties in—
JET TRIMMINGS.
MRS. WHITLAW, Fort Street
au13

All are Invited to the
FOOK YUEN & Co.'s
STORE
Next door to the Chinese joss house.
16 FISGARD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

For Ladies' Beautiful White Silk Handkerchiefs only 25c each, and Fine Embroidered Ladies' Silk Handkerchiefs only 35c each.

—ALSO—
We have just received from China and Japan a Large Consignment of
CHINESE AND JAPANESE
Curios, Porcelain Tea Sets, Vases, Bronze and Silkware, Etc.

Our goods are direct importations from China and Japan, and are the CHEAPEST AND FINEST ever seen in the Province.

L. MONG KOW, - Manager.
jly29

G. A. McTAVISH
Has Just Received a Consignment of
EASTER LILY
—AND—
ROMAN HYACINTH BULBS
These should be planted now for WINTER BLOOMING
Store and Nursery--Park Road
au21

SEASONABLE

Goods Recently Received at The Westside.

Surah Silks, White, cream and fancy.
Pongee Silks, Evening shades.
Silk Grenadines, Black, plain and broche.
Silk Gauze, White, cream and sky.
Fisherman's Net, Colored new shades.
Bavaria Lace, Collars, sets and by the yard.
Lace Scarfs, Handrun from $2.50 to $20 each.
Opera Wraps, and Cashmere broche scarfs.
Silk Shawls, Black and in evening shades.
Silk Vests, Full assortment.
Suede Gloves, 16 to 27 inches, mousquetaire.
Kid Gloves, White and evening Shades.
Silk Gloves, new shades, to 30 inches in length.
Silk Hose, Morley's make, black and fancy colors.

INSPECTION INVITED.

BARGAINS AT
THE WESTSIDE

We are bound to sell the following goods.

Printed Manchester Lawns, 20 and 25c. reduced to 10c.
White Check Muslin, 20c. reduced to 10c.
23 inch Swiss Embroideries 75c. and $1.00 reduced to 35 and 40c.
All kinds of White and Light Colored Summer Dress Goods, reduced one-half.
Prints, best English 20c. reduced to 10 and 12 1-2c.
Real bargains in every Department for the remainder of the month at

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
70 GOVERNMENT ST.

AN OPEN LETTER.

"COLONIST" Publishing Company:

Gentlemen,---Kindly let the ladies of our fair city know that FRUIT KETTLES, FRUIT JARS, FRUIT PRESSES, JELLY GLASSES, &c., Can be bought very cheap at

GEO. POWELL & CO.
CHEAPSIDE,
146 Government Street, between Johnson and Cormorant Streets.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

IS A GENUINE AND RELIABLE MEAT FOOD.

In its Manufacture nothing but the **Finest Quality of Beef** is used, and every Package is guaranteed to be **Absolutely Pure and Free from any Adulteration.** Neither alcohol nor drug of any kind is used in its preparation. sep2d&w6t

ROBINSON & CO.
58 Fort Street,
REAL ESTATE
AGENTS. m2

WANTS.

$25—Wanted, a thoroughly reliable general servant in a small family (4 children). A good home for a suitable person. Wages, $25 per month. Apply this office. se5

WANTED—By a young lady (English) situation as daily governess to young children. Apply "H," Colonist office. se5-6t

A STEADY, reliable man, grainer and sign painter, desires a situation or job work, or would undertake some office where he could be useful. Good penman. Salary not so much an object as permanent situation. A. J. W., 25 Pioneer Street. se5-3t

WANTED—Laborers to work in Pottery Works. Apply to S. C. Burris, Constance Cove Road. se5-tf

WANTED—Two barmen, 3 table maids, 2 house maids for the Clarence. se4-3t

WANTED—A well furnished room and board in a situation a short way from town and overlooking the sea. Address C. East, Burnes House. se3-3t

BOY WANTED—Must be quick and intelligent, to learn the manufacturing jewelery business. Apply to Pennock & Clayton, Government Street. se2-tf

WANTED—A woman to do general housework. Apply to Mrs. Earle, 131 Cadboro Bay Road. au26

FURNISHED Rooms to Let, with or without board. Apply No. 3 Humboldt Street, 3 minutes walk from Post Office. au26-6t

WANTED—A man to look after horses and cows and to make himself generally useful. Apply to F. G. Walker, Chancery Lane. au21

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned for a Monitor for Beaver Creek School, Alberni, services to commence as soon as possible after the first of September. Salary thirty-five dollars per month.

GEO. A. HUFF,
Secretary of the Board.
Alberni, B.C., Aug. 25th, 1890. au29-2w

WANTED.

BY AN ELDERLY WIDOW, a situation as housekeeper in a small family. Is a good plain cook and baker. Farm house preferred. Best of references. Apply by letter only, to Mrs. Tucker, New Dungeness, Clalam County State of Washington. au27

CITIZENS' BALL.

All claims against the Committee to be sent immediately to

J. R. ANDERSON,
Hon. Sec.
Victoria, 30th Aug. 1890. P. O. Box 436.
au31

REMNANTS
REMNANTS
Very Cheap to Clear

Remnants of Prints.
Remnants of Dress Goods.
Remnants of Embroideries.
Remnants of Ribbons.

EMBROIDERIES.
Narrow, Wide, Flouncing and Allovers at Cost to Clear.

CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS 10c.
A lot of Ladies' and Children's Straw Hats worth 40c and 50c. will be sold at 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Balbriggan Undervests, ... 25c each.
Ladies' fine Swiss ribbed Undervests, ... 25c each.
Ladies' black Lisle thread hose, ... 45c ℔ pair, worth 75c.
Ladies' pure Silk Undervests.. $1.15 each
Lot of Childrens' Hose...... 15 c ℔ pair.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,
88 YATES STREET.
T. HAUGHTON & CO.
mc11-6m.